103D CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 3210

To improve learning and teaching by providing a national framework for education reform; to promote the research, consensus building, and systemic changes needed to ensure equitable educational opportunities and high levels of educational achievement for all students; to provide a framework for reauthorization of all Federal education programs; to promote the development and adoption of a voluntary national system of skill standards and certifications, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

OCTOBER 5, 1993

Mr. KILDEE (for himself and Mr. FORD of Michigan) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor

A BILL

To improve learning and teaching by providing a national framework for education reform; to promote the research, consensus building, and systemic changes needed to ensure equitable educational opportunities and high levels of educational achievement for all students; to provide a framework for reauthorization of all Federal education programs; to promote the development and adoption of a voluntary national system of skill standards and certifications, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2	This Act may be cited as the "Goals 2000: Educate
3	America Act''.
4	SEC. 2. PURPOSE.
5	The purpose of this Act is to provide a framework
6	for meeting the National Education Goals established by
7	title I of this Act by—
8	(1) promoting coherent, nationwide, systemic
9	education reform;
10	(2) improving the quality of learning and teach-
11	ing in the classroom and in the workplace;
12	(3) defining appropriate and coherent Federal,
13	State, and local roles and responsibilities for edu-
14	cation reform and lifelong learning;
15	(4) establishing valid, reliable, and fair mecha-
16	nisms for—
17	(A) building a broad national consensus on
18	American education reform;
19	(B) assisting in the development and cer-
20	tification of high-quality, internationally com-
21	petitive content and student performance stand-
22	ards;
23	(C) assisting in the development and cer-
24	tification of opportunity-to-learn standards; and
25	(D) assisting in the development and cer-
26	tification of high-quality assessment measures

1	that reflect the internationally competitive con-
2	tent and student performance standards;
3	(5) supporting new initiatives at the Federal,
4	State, local, and school levels to provide equal edu-
5	cational opportunity for all students to meet high
6	standards and to succeed in the world of employ-
7	ment and civic participation;
8	(6) providing a framework for the reauthoriza-
9	tion of all Federal education programs by—
10	(A) creating a vision of excellence and eq-
11	uity that will guide all Federal education and
12	related programs;
13	(B) providing for the establishment of
14	high-quality, internationally competitive content
15	and student performance standards that all stu-
16	dents will be expected to achieve;
17	(C) providing for the establishment of high
18	quality, internationally competitive opportunity-
19	to-learn standards that all States, local edu-
20	cational agencies, and schools should achieve;
21	(D) encouraging and enabling all State
22	educational agencies and local educational agen-
23	cies to develop comprehensive improvement
24	plans that will provide a coherent framework
25	for the implementation of reauthorized Federal

1	education and related programs in an inte-
2	grated fashion that effectively educates all chil-
3	dren enabling them to participate fully as work-
4	ers, parents, and citizens; and
5	(E) providing resources to help individual
6	schools, including those serving students with
7	high needs, develop and implement comprehen-
8	sive improvement plans;
9	(7) stimulating the development and adoption
10	of a voluntary national system of skill standards and
11	certification to serve as a cornerstone of the national
12	strategy to enhance workforce skills; and
13	(8) assisting every elementary and secondary
14	school that receives funds under this Act to actively
15	involve parents and families in supporting the aca-
16	demic work of their children at home and in provid-
17	ing parents with skills to advocate for their children
18	at school.
19	TITLE I—NATIONAL EDUCATION
20	GOALS
21	SEC. 101. PURPOSE.
22	The purpose of this title is to establish national edu-
23	cation goals.

1 SEC. 102. NATIONAL EDUCATION GOALS.

2	The Congress declares that the National Education
3	Goals are the following:
4	(1) School readiness.—(A) By the year
5	2000, all children in America will start school ready
6	to learn.
7	(B) The objectives for this goal are that—
8	(i) all children will have access to high-
9	quality and developmentally appropriate pre-
10	school programs that help prepare children for
11	school;
12	(ii) every parent in America will be a
13	child's first teacher and devote time each day to
14	helping his or her preschool child learn, and
15	parents will have access to the training and
16	support they need; and
17	(iii) all children will receive the nutrition
18	and health care needed to arrive at school with
19	healthy minds and bodies, and to maintain the
20	mental alertness necessary to be prepared to
21	learn, and the number of low-birthweight babies
22	will be significantly reduced through enhanced
23	prenatal health systems.
24	(2) School completion.—(A) By the year
25	2000, the high school graduation rate will increase
26	to at least 90 percent.

- (B) The objectives for this goal are that— 1 2 (i) the Nation must dramatically reduce its dropout rate, and 75 percent of those students 3 4 who do drop out will successfully complete a high school degree or its equivalent; and 5 6 (ii) the gap in high school graduation rates 7 between American students from minority backgrounds and their non-minority counterparts 8 9 will be eliminated. 10 STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT AND CITIZEN-11 SHIP.—(A) By the year 2000, all students will leave grades 4, 8, and 12 having demonstrated com-12 petency over challenging subject matter including 13 14 English, mathematics, science, foreign languages, 15 civics and government, arts, history, and geography, 16 and every school in America will ensure that all stu-17 dents learn to use their minds well, so they may be 18 prepared for responsible citizenship, further learn-19 ing, and productive employment in our modern econ-20 omy. (B) The objectives for this goal are that— 21 22 23
 - (i) the academic performance of all students at the elementary and secondary level will increase significantly in every quartile, and the distribution of minority students in each level

24

1	will more closely reflect the student population
2	as a whole;
3	(ii) the percentage of all students who
4	demonstrate the ability to reason, solve prob-
5	lems, apply knowledge, and write and commu-
6	nicate effectively will increase substantially;
7	(iii) all students will be involved in activi-
8	ties that promote and demonstrate good citizen-
9	ship, community service, and personal respon-
10	sibility;
11	(iv) the percentage of all students who are
12	competent in more than one language will sub-
13	stantially increase; and
14	(v) all students will be knowledgeable
15	about the diverse cultural heritage of this Na-
16	tion and about the world community.
17	(4) TEACHER EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL
18	DEVELOPMENT.—(A) By the year 2000, the Na-
19	tion's teaching force will have access to programs for
20	the continued improvement of their professional
21	skills and the opportunity to acquire the knowledge
22	and skills needed to instruct and prepare all Amer-
23	ican students for the next century.
24	(B) The objectives of this goal are that—

- (i) every State will establish opportunityto-learn standards and create an integrated
 strategy to attract, recruit, prepare, retrain,
 and support the continued professional development of teachers, administrators, and other
 educators, so that there is a highly talented
 workforce of professional educators to teach
 challenging standards;
 - (ii) subgrants for preservice teacher education and professional development activity will be made to local educational agencies, institutions of higher education, private nonprofit organizations, or consortia of such organizations, to support continuing, sustained, professional development activities for all educators; and
 - (iii) partnerships shall be established, whenever possible, between local educational agencies, institutions of higher education, local labor, business, and professional associations to provide and support programs for the professional development of educators, particularly in the area of emerging new technologies in education.

1	(5) Mathematics and science.—(A) By the
2	year 2000, United States students will be first in the
3	world in mathematics and science achievement.
4	(B) The objectives for this goal are that—
5	(i) math and science education will be
6	strengthened throughout the system, especially
7	in the early grades;
8	(ii) the number of teachers with a sub-
9	stantive background in mathematics and science
10	will increase by 50 percent; and
11	(iii) the number of United States under-
12	graduate and graduate students, especially
13	women and minorities, who complete degrees in
14	mathematics, science, and engineering will in-
15	crease significantly.
16	(6) Adult literacy and lifelong learn-
17	ING.—(A) By the year 2000, every adult American
18	will be literate and will possess the knowledge and
19	skills necessary to compete in a global economy and
20	exercise the rights and responsibilities of citizenship.
21	(B) The objectives for this goal are that—
22	(i) every major American business will be
23	involved in strengthening the connection be-
24	tween education and work;

1	(ii) all workers will have the opportunity to
2	acquire the knowledge and skills, from basic to
3	highly technical, needed to adapt to emerging
4	new technologies, work methods, and markets
5	through public and private educational, voca-
6	tional, technical, workplace, or other programs;
7	(iii) the number of quality programs, in-
8	cluding those at libraries, that are designed to
9	serve more effectively the needs of the growing
10	number of part-time and midcareer students
11	will increase substantially;
12	(iv) the proportion of those qualified stu-
13	dents, especially minorities, who enter college,
14	who complete at least two years, and who com-
15	plete their degree programs will increase sub-
16	stantially;
17	(v) the proportion of college graduates who
18	demonstrate an advanced ability to think criti-
19	cally, communicate effectively, and solve prob-
20	lems will increase substantially; and
21	(vi) schools, in implementing comprehen-
22	sive parent involvement programs, will offer
23	more adult literacy, parent training and life-

long learning opportunities to improve the ties

1	between home and school, and enhance parents'
2	work and home lives.
3	(7) Safe, disciplined, and drug-free
4	SCHOOLS.—(A) By the year 2000, every school in
5	America will be free of drugs and violence and will
6	offer a disciplined environment conducive to learn-
7	ing.
8	(B) The objectives for this goal are that—
9	(i) every school will implement a firm and
10	fair policy on use, possession, and distribution
11	of drugs and alcohol;
12	(ii) parents, businesses, and community or-
13	ganizations will work together to ensure the
14	rights of students to study in a safe and secure
15	environment that is free of drugs and crime;
16	(iii) every school district will develop a
17	comprehensive K-12 drug and alcohol preven-
18	tion education program. Drug and alcohol cur-
19	ricula should be taught as an integral part of
20	health education. In addition, community-based
21	teams should be organized to provide all stu-
22	dents and teachers with needed support; and
23	(iv) every school district will develop and
24	implement a policy to ensure that all schools
25	are free of weapons and violence.

TITLE II—NATIONAL EDUCATION LEADERSHIP, REFORM, 2 STANDARDS, **AND ASSESS-**3 **MENTS** 4 5 PART A—NATIONAL EDUCATION GOALS PANEL SEC. 201. PURPOSE. 7 It is the purpose of this part to establish a bipartisan mechanism for— (1) building a national consensus for education 9 10 improvement; (2) reporting on progress toward achieving the 11 National Education Goals; and 12 (3) reviewing the voluntary national content 13 14 and student performance standards and opportunityto-learn standards certified by the National Edu-15 cation Standards and Improvement Council, as well 16 17 as the criteria for their certification, and the criteria for the certification of State assessments by the Na-18 19 tional Education Standards and Improvement Coun-20 cil with the option of disapproving such standards 21 and criteria not later than 60 days after receipt from such Council. 22 SEC. 202. NATIONAL EDUCATION GOALS PANEL. 24 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the ex-

ecutive branch a National Education Goals Panel (referred

1	to in this Act as the "Goals Panel") to advise the Presi-
2	dent, the Secretary, and the Congress.
3	(b) Composition.—The Goals Panel shall be com-
4	posed of eighteen members (referred to in this part as
5	"members"), including—
6	(1) two members appointed by the President;
7	(2) eight members who are Governors, three of
8	whom shall be from the same political party as the
9	President and five of whom shall be of the opposite
10	political party of the President, appointed by the
11	Chairperson and Vice Chairperson of the National
12	Governors' Association, with each appointing rep-
13	resentatives of his or her respective political party
14	in consultation with each other;
15	(3) four Members of Congress appointed as fol-
16	lows—
17	(A) one member appointed by the majority
18	leader of the Senate from among the Members
19	of the Senate;
20	(B) one member appointed by the minority
21	leader of the Senate from among the Members
22	of the Senate;
23	(C) one member appointed by the majority
24	leader of the House of Representatives from

among the Members of the House of Represent-1 2 atives: and (D) one member appointed by the minority 3 4 leader of the House of Representatives from among the Members of the House of Represent-6 atives: and (4) four members of State legislatures ap-7 pointed by the President of the National Conference 8 of State Legislatures, of whom not more than two 9 may be of the same political party as the President 10 11 of the United States. 12 (c) Special Appointment Rules.—(1) The members appointed pursuant to subsection (b)(2) shall be appointed as follows: 14 15 (A) If the Chairperson of the National Governors' Association is from the same political party 16 17 as the President, the Chairperson shall appoint three 18 individuals and the Vice Chairperson shall appoint 19 five individuals. 20 (B) If the Chairperson of the National Governors' Association is from the opposite political 21 22 party as the President, the Chairperson shall appoint five individuals and the Vice Chairperson shall 23

appoint three individuals.

1	(2) If the National Governors' Association has ap-
2	pointed a panel that meets the requirements of subsections
3	(b) and (c), except for the requirements of subsection
4	(b)(4), prior to the date of enactment of this title, then
5	the members serving on such panel shall be deemed to be
6	in compliance with subsections (b) and (c) and shall not
7	be required to be reappointed pursuant to such sub-
8	sections.
9	(3) To the extent feasible, the membership of the
10	Goals Panel shall be geographically representative and re-
11	flect the racial, ethnic, and gender diversity of the United
12	States.
13	(d) Terms.—The terms of service of members shall
14	be as follows—
15	(1) Members appointed under subsection (b)(1)
16	shall serve at the pleasure of the President.
17	(2) Members appointed under subsection (b)(2)
18	shall serve a two-year term, except that the initial
19	appointments under such paragraph shall be made
20	to ensure staggered terms with one-half of such
21	members' terms concluding every two years.
22	(3) Members appointed under subsection (b) (3)

and (4) shall serve a term of two years.

- 1 (e) Date of Appointment.—The initial members
- 2 shall be appointed not later than sixty days after the date
- 3 of enactment of this Act.
- 4 (f) Initiation.—The Goals Panel may begin to carry
- 5 out its duties under this part when ten members of the
- 6 Goals Panel have been appointed.
- 7 (g) VACANCIES.—A vacancy on the Goals Panel shall
- 8 not affect the powers of the Goals Panel, but shall be filled
- 9 in the same manner as the original appointment.
- 10 (h) Travel.—Each member may be allowed travel
- 11 expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, as au-
- 12 thorized by section 5703 of title 5, United States Code,
- 13 for each day the member is engaged in the performance
- 14 of duties away from the home or regular place of business
- 15 of the member.
- 16 (i) CHAIRPERSON.—From among the members, the
- 17 President shall appoint the Chairperson who shall serve
- 18 a one-year term and shall alternate between political par-
- 19 ties.
- 20 (j) CONFLICT OF INTEREST.—A member of the Goals
- 21 Panel who is an elected official of a State which has devel-
- 22 oped content, student performance, or opportunity-to-
- 23 learn standards may not participate in Goals Panel consid-
- 24 eration of such standards.

1	(k) Ex Officio Member.—If the President has not
2	appointed the Secretary of Education as 1 of the 2 mem-
3	bers he appoints pursuant to subsection (b)(1), then the
4	Secretary shall serve as a nonvoting ex officio member of
5	the Goals Panel.
6	SEC. 203. DUTIES.
7	(a) DUTIES.—The Goals Panel shall—
8	(1) report to the President, the Secretary, and
9	the Congress regarding the progress the Nation and
10	the States are making toward achieving the National
11	Education Goals established under title I of this Act,
12	including issuing an annual report;
13	(2) report on State opportunity-to-learn stand-
14	ards and the progress of States in meeting such
15	standards;
16	(3) review, after taking into consideration the
17	public comments received pursuant to section 216,
18	with the option of disapproving by a two-thirds ma-
19	jority vote of the full membership not later than 60
20	days after receipt of the—
21	(A) criteria developed by the National
22	Education Standards and Improvement Council
23	for the certification of content and student per-
24	formance standards, assessments, and oppor-
25	tunity-to-learn standards: and

1	(B) voluntary national content and student
2	performance standards and opportunity-to-learn
3	standards certified by the National Education
4	Standards and Improvement Council;
5	(4) report on promising or effective actions
6	being taken at the national, State, and local levels,
7	in the public and private sectors, to achieve the Na-
8	tional Education Goals; and
9	(5) help build a nationwide, bipartisan consen-
10	sus for the reforms necessary to achieve the Na-
11	tional Education Goals.
12	(b) REPORT.—(1) The Goals Panel shall annually
13	prepare and submit to the President, the Secretary, the
14	appropriate committees of Congress, and the Governor of
15	each State a report that shall—
16	(A) report on the progress of the United States
17	toward achieving the National Education Goals;
18	(B) identify actions that should be taken by
19	Federal, State, and local governments to enhance
20	progress toward achieving the National Education
21	Goals and State opportunity-to-learn standards; and
22	(C) report on State opportunity-to-learn stand-
23	ards and the progress of States in meeting such
24	standards.

- 1 (2) Reports shall be presented in a form, and include
- 2 data, that is understandable to parents and the general
- 3 public.

4 SEC. 204. POWERS OF THE GOALS PANEL.

- 5 (a) HEARINGS.—(1) The Goals Panel shall, for the
- 6 purpose of carrying out this part, conduct such hearings,
- 7 sit and act at such times and places, take such testimony,
- 8 and receive such evidence, as the Goals Panel considers
- 9 appropriate.
- 10 (2) In carrying out this part, the Goals Panel shall
- 11 conduct hearings to receive reports, views, and analyses
- 12 of a broad spectrum of experts and the public on the es-
- 13 tablishment of voluntary national content and student per-
- 14 formance standards, assessments, and opportunity-to-
- 15 learn standards.
- 16 (b) Information.—The Goals Panel may secure di-
- 17 rectly from any department or agency of the United States
- 18 information necessary to enable the Goals Panel to carry
- 19 out this part. Upon request of the Chairperson of the
- 20 Goals Panel, the head of a department or agency shall
- 21 furnish such information to the Goals Panel to the extent
- 22 permitted by law.
- (c) Postal Services.—The Goals Panel may use
- 24 the United States mail in the same manner and under the

- 1 same conditions as other departments and agencies of the
- 2 United States.
- 3 (d) Use of Facilities.—The Goals Panel may, with
- 4 consent, use the research, equipment, services, and facili-
- 5 ties of any agency or instrumentality of the United States,
- 6 or of any State or political subdivision thereof.
- 7 (e) Administrative Arrangements and Sup-
- 8 PORT.—(1) The Secretary shall provide to the Goals
- 9 Panel, on a reimbursable basis, such administrative sup-
- 10 port services as the Goals Panel may request.
- 11 (2) The Secretary shall, to the extent appropriate,
- 12 and on a reimbursable basis, make contracts and other
- 13 arrangements that are requested by the Goals Panel to
- 14 help it compile and analyze data or carry out other func-
- 15 tions necessary to the performance of such responsibilities.
- 16 SEC. 205. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.
- 17 (a) Meetings.—The Goals Panel shall meet on a
- 18 regular basis, as necessary, at the call of the Chairperson
- 19 of the Goals Panel or a majority of its members.
- 20 (b) QUORUM.—A majority of the members shall con-
- 21 stitute a quorum for the transaction of business.
- 22 (c) VOTING.—No individual may vote, or exercise any
- 23 of the powers of a member, by proxy.
- 24 (d) Public Access.—The Goals Panel shall ensure
- 25 public access to its proceedings (other than proceedings,

- 1 or portions of proceedings, relating to internal personnel
- 2 and management matters) and make available to the pub-
- 3 lic, at reasonable cost, transcripts of such proceedings.
- 4 SEC. 206. DIRECTOR AND STAFF; EXPERTS AND CONSULT-
- 5 ANTS.
- 6 (a) DIRECTOR.—The Chairperson of the Goals Panel
- 7 shall, without regard to the provisions of title 5, United
- 8 States Code, relating to the appointment and compensa-
- 9 tion of officers or employees of the United States, appoint
- 10 a Director to be paid at a rate not to exceed the rate of
- 11 basic pay payable for level V of the Executive Schedule.
- 12 (b) Appointment and Pay of Employees.—
- 13 (1)(A) The Director may appoint not more than four addi-
- 14 tional employees to serve as staff to the Goals Panel with-
- 15 out regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code,
- 16 governing appointments in the competitive service.
- 17 (B) The employees appointed under paragraph (1)(A)
- 18 may be paid without regard to the provisions of chapter
- 19 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of that title relating
- 20 to classification and General Schedule pay rates, but shall
- 21 not be paid a rate that exceeds the maximum rate of basic
- 22 pay payable for GS-15 of the General Schedule.
- 23 (2) The Director may appoint additional employees
- 24 to serve as staff to the Goals Panel consistent with title
- 25 5, United States Code.

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1	(c) Experts and Consultants.—The Goals Panel
2	may procure temporary and intermittent services of ex-
3	perts and consultants under section 3109(b) of title 5,
4	United States Code.
5	(d) Staff of Federal Agencies.—Upon the re-
6	quest of the Goals Panel, the head of any department or
7	agency of the United States may detail any of the person-
8	nel of such agency to the Goals Panel to assist the Goals
9	Panel in its duties under this part.
0	SEC. 207. EARLY CHILDHOOD ASSESSMENT.
1	(a) GENERAL.—(1) The Goals Panel shall support
2	the work of its Resource and Technical Planning Groups
3	on School Readiness (referred to in this section as the
4	Groups) to improve the methods of assessing the readiness
5	of children for school that would lead to alternatives to
6	currently used norm-referenced early childhood assess-
7	ments.
8	(2) The Groups shall—
9	(A) create clear guidelines regarding the na-
20	ture, functions, and uses of early childhood assess-
21	ments, including a model of school readiness that
22	addresses a broad range of early childhood devel-
23	opmental needs;
24	(B) monitor and evaluate early childhood as-

sessments, including the ability of existing assess-

1	ments to provide valid information on the readiness
2	of children for school; and
3	(C) monitor and report on the long-term collec-
4	tion of data on the status of young children to im-
5	prove policy and practice, including the need for new
6	sources of data necessary to assess the broad range
7	of early childhood developmental needs.
8	(b) Advice.—The Groups shall advise and assist the
9	Congress, the Secretary, the Goals Panel, and others re-
10	garding how to improve the assessment of young children
11	and how such assessments can improve services to chil-
12	dren.
13	(c) Report.—The Goals Panel shall provide reports
14	on the work of the Groups to the Congress, the Secretary,
15	and the public.
16	PART B—NATIONAL EDUCATION STANDARDS
17	AND IMPROVEMENT COUNCIL
18	SEC. 211. PURPOSE.
19	The purpose of this part is to establish a mechanism
20	to—
21	(1) certify and regularly review voluntary na-
22	tional content and student performance standards
23	that define what all students should know and be
24	able to do;

- (2) certify content and student performance standards submitted by States on a voluntary basis, if such standards are of equal or higher quality to the voluntary national content and student performance standards certified by the National Education Standards and Improvement Council;
 - (3) certify and regularly review voluntary national opportunity-to-learn standards that describe the conditions of teaching and learning necessary for all students to have a fair opportunity to achieve the knowledge and skills described in the voluntary national content and student performance standards certified by the National Education Standards and Improvement Council;
 - (4) certify opportunity-to-learn standards submitted by States on a voluntary basis, if such standards are of equal or higher quality as compared with the voluntary national opportunity-to-learn standards; and
 - (5) certify assessment systems submitted by States on a voluntary basis, if such systems are aligned with State content standards certified by the National Education Standards and Improvement Council and if such systems are valid, reliable, and consistent with relevant, nationally recognized, pro-

1	fessional and technical standards for assessment
2	when used for their intended purposes.
3	SEC. 212. NATIONAL EDUCATION STANDARDS AND IM-
4	PROVEMENT COUNCIL.
5	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the ex-
6	ecutive branch a National Education Standards and Im-
7	provement Council (referred to in this title as the
8	"Council").
9	(b) Composition.—The Council shall be composed
10	of twenty members (referred in this part as "members")
11	who shall be appointed as follows:
12	(1) 8 members (2 from each of subparagraphs
13	(A) through (D) of subsection $(c)(1)$ shall be ap-
14	pointed by the President;
15	(2) 4 members (1 from each of subparagraphs
16	(A) through (D) of subsection $(c)(1)$ shall be ap-
17	pointed by the Speaker of the House of Representa-
18	tives, in consultation with the majority and minority
19	leaders of House;
20	(3) 4 members (1 from each of subparagraphs
21	(A) through (D) of subsection $(c)(1)$ shall be ap-
22	pointed by the majority leader of the Senate, in con-
23	sultation with the minority leader of the Senate; and

	20
1	(4) 4 members (1 from each of subparagraphs
2	(A) through (D) of subsection (c)(1)) shall be ap-
3	pointed by the National Education Goals Panel.
4	(c) QUALIFICATIONS.—(1) The members of the
5	Council shall include—
6	(A) 5 professional educators, including elemen-
7	tary and secondary classroom teachers, preschool
8	educators and other school-based professionals, local
9	district or State administrators, related service per-
10	sonnel, and other educators;
11	(B) 5 representatives of business and industry
12	organized labor, and postsecondary educational insti-
13	tutions, including at least 1 representative of post-
14	secondary educational institutions, at least 1 rep-
15	resentative of organized labor, and at least 1 rep-
16	resentative of business who is also a member of the
17	National Skill Standards Board;
18	(C) 5 representatives of the public, including
19	representatives of advocacy, civil rights and disabil-
20	ity groups, parents, civic leaders, and local and State
21	education policymakers (including State, local, or
22	tribal school boards); and
23	(D) 5 education experts, including experts in
24	measurement and assessment, curriculum, school fi-

nance and equity, and school reform.

- 1 (2) To the extent feasible, the membership of the
- 2 Council shall be geographically representative of the Unit-
- 3 ed States and reflect the diversity of the United States
- 4 with regard to race, ethnicity, gender, and disability char-
- 5 acteristics.
- 6 (3) One-third of the Council shall consist of individ-
- 7 uals with expertise in the educational needs of children
- 8 who are from low-income families, minority backgrounds,
- 9 have limited-English proficiency, or have disabilities.
- 10 (d) TERMS.—(1) Members shall be appointed for 3-
- 11 year terms, with no member serving more than 2 consecu-
- 12 tive terms.
- 13 (2) The Council shall establish by lot initial terms
- 14 for individuals of one, two, or three years in order to es-
- 15 tablish a rotation in which one-third of the members are
- 16 selected each year.
- 17 (e) Date of Appointment.—The initial members
- 18 shall be appointed not later than 120 days after the date
- 19 of enactment of this Act.
- 20 (f) Initiation.—The Council shall begin to carry out
- 21 the duties of the Council under this part when all 20 mem-
- 22 bers have been appointed.
- 23 (g) RETENTION.—In order to retain an appointment
- 24 to the Council, a member must attend at least two-thirds
- 25 of the scheduled meetings of the Council in any given year.

- 1 (h) VACANCY.—A vacancy on the Council shall not
- 2 affect the powers of the Council, but shall be filled in the
- 3 same manner as the original appointment.
- 4 (i) Compensation.—Members of the Council who
- 5 are not regular full-time employees of the United States
- 6 may, while attending meetings or hearings of the Council,
- 7 be provided compensation at a rate fixed by the Secretary,
- 8 but not exceeding the maximum rate of basic pay payable
- 9 for GS-15 of the General Schedule.
- 10 (j) CONFLICT OF INTEREST.—(1) A member of the
- 11 Council may not concurrently serve as a member of the
- 12 Goals Panel.
- 13 (2) Section 208 of title 18 of the United States Code
- 14 shall apply to members of the Council except that, for the
- 15 purposes of making written determinations under sub-
- 16 section (b)(1), the Government official responsible for the
- 17 appointment of any member of the Council is deemed to
- 18 be the Director of the Office of Government Ethics.
- 19 (3) A member of the Council who resides in a State
- 20 which has developed standards and assessments may not
- 21 participate in Council consideration of such standards and
- 22 assessments.
- 23 (k) Travel.—Each member of the Council may be
- 24 allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of sub-
- 25 sistence, as authorized by section 5703 of title 5, United

- 1 States Code, for each day the member is engaged in the
- 2 performance of duties away from the home or regular
- 3 place of business of the member.
- 4 (l) Officers.—The members of the Council shall se-
- 5 lect officers from among its members. The officers of the
- 6 Council shall serve for one-year terms.

7 **SEC. 213. DUTIES.**

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- 8 (a) Voluntary National Content Standards.—
- 9 (1) The Council shall—
- 10 (A) identify areas in which voluntary national 11 content standards need to be developed;
 - (B) certify voluntary national content and student performance standards using the criteria developed under paragraph (2)(A)(i), that define what all students should know and be able to do;
 - (C) forward such voluntary national content and student performance standards to the Goals Panel for review, except that the Goals Panel shall have the option of disapproving such standards by a two-thirds majority vote of the full membership not later than 60 days after receipt of such standards; and
- 23 (D) develop a process for regularly reviewing 24 any national voluntary content, student perform-

ance, and opportunity-to-learn standards that have 1 2 been certified. (2)(A) The Council shall— 3 4 (i) identify and develop criteria to be used for certifying the voluntary national content and student 5 6 performance standards; and 7 (ii) before applying such criteria, forward them to the Goals Panel for review, except that the Goals 8 9 Panel shall have the option of disapproving such criteria by a two-thirds majority vote of the full mem-10 11 bership not later than 60 days after receipt of such 12 criteria. (B) The criteria developed by the Council shall ad-13 dress— 14 15 (i) the extent to which the proposed standards 16 are internationally competitive and comparable to 17 the best in the world; 18 (ii) the extent to which the proposed content 19 and student performance standards reflect the best 20 available knowledge about how all students learn and 21 about how the content area can be most effectively 22 taught; (iii) the extent to which the proposed content 23 24 and student performance standards have been devel-

oped through an open and public process that pro-

- 1 vides for input and involvement of all relevant par-
- 2 ties, including teachers, related services personnel,
- and other professional educators, employers and
- 4 postsecondary education institutions, curriculum and
- 5 subject matter specialists, parents, advocacy groups,
- 6 and the public; and
- 7 (iv) other factors that the Council deems appro-
- 8 priate.
- 9 (C) In developing the criteria, the Council shall work
- 10 with entities that are developing, or have already devel-
- 11 oped, content and student performance standards, and
- 12 any other entities that the Council deems appropriate, to
- 13 identify appropriate certification criteria.
- 14 (b) VOLUNTARY STATE CONTENT STANDARDS.—The
- 15 Council may certify content and student performance
- 16 standards presented on a voluntary basis by States, using
- 17 the criteria developed under subsection (a)(2)(A)(i), if
- 18 such standards are of equal or higher quality to the vol-
- 19 untary national content and student performance stand-
- 20 ards certified by the Council.
- 21 (c) Voluntary National Opportunity-to-Learn
- 22 Standards.—(1) The Council shall certify exemplary,
- 23 voluntary national opportunity-to-learn standards that will
- 24 establish a basis for providing all students a fair oppor-
- 25 tunity to achieve the knowledge and skills set out in the

1 voluntary national content standards certified by the
2 Council.
3 (2) The voluntary national opportunity-to-learn

standards certified by the Council shall address—

- 5 (A) the quality and availability of curricula, in-6 structional materials, and technologies, including 7 distance learning, to all students;
- 8 (B) the capability of teachers to provide high-9 quality instruction to meet diverse learning needs in 10 each content area to all students:
 - (C) the extent to which teachers, principals, and administrators have ready and continuing access to professional development, including the best knowledge about teaching, learning, and school improvement;
 - (D) the extent to which curriculum, instructional practices, and assessments are aligned to content standards;
 - (E) the extent to which school facilities provide a safe and secure environment for learning and instruction and have the requisite libraries, laboratories, and other resources necessary to provide an opportunity to learn;

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1	(F) the extent to which schools utilize policies,
2	curricula, and instructional practices which ensure
3	nondiscrimination on the basis of gender; and
4	(G) other factors that the Council deems appro-
5	priate to ensure the students receive a fair oppor-
6	tunity to achieve the knowledge and skills described
7	in the voluntary content and student performance
8	standards certified by the Council.
9	(3) In carrying out this subsection, the Council
10	shall—
11	(A) identify what countries with rigorous con-
12	tent standards do to—
13	(i) provide their children with opportunities
14	to learn;
15	(ii) prepare their teachers; and
16	(iii) provide continuing professional devel-
17	opment opportunities for their teachers; and
18	(B) develop criteria to be used for certifying the
19	voluntary national and State opportunity-to-learn
20	standards and, before applying such criteria, for-
21	ward them to the Goals Panel for review, except that
22	the Goals Panel shall have the option of disapprov-
23	ing such standards by a two-thirds majority vote of
24	the full membership not later than 60 days after re-
25	ceipt of such criteria.

- 1 (4) The Council shall assist in the development of the
- 2 voluntary national opportunity-to-learn standards devel-
- 3 oped by the consortium under section 219 by—
- 4 (A) making recommendations to the Secretary 5 regarding priorities and selection criteria for the
- 6 award made under section 219; and
- (B) coordinating with the consortium receiving
 an award under section 219 to ensure that the opportunity-to-learn standards the consortium develops
 are appropriate for the needs of all students, are of
 high quality, and are consistent with the criteria developed by the Council for the certification of such
- 14 (5) The Council shall forward the voluntary national
- 15 opportunity-to-learn standards it certifies to the Goals
- 16 Panel for review, except that the Goals Panel shall have
- 17 the option of disapproving such standards by a two-thirds
- 18 majority vote of the full membership not later than 60
- 19 days after receipt of such standards.

standards.

- 20 (d) Voluntary State Opportunity-to-Learn
- 21 STANDARDS.—The Council may certify opportunity-to-
- 22 learn standards submitted voluntarily by a State, using
- 23 the criteria developed under subsection (c)(3)(B), if such
- 24 standards are of equal or higher quality as compared to
- 25 the voluntary national opportunity-to-learn standards.

1	(e) General Provision Regarding Voluntary
2	NATIONAL STANDARDS.—The Council may certify vol
3	untary national content, student performance, and oppor
4	tunity-to-learn standards if such standards are sufficiently
5	general to be used by any State without restricting State
6	and local control of curriculum and prerogatives regarding
7	instructional methods to be employed.
8	(f) Assessments.—(1)(A) The Council may certify
9	an assessment system that is submitted voluntarily by a
10	State, using the criteria developed under paragraph
11	(2)(A), if such system is aligned with the State's content
12	standards certified by the Council.
13	(B) Assessment systems shall be certified by the
14	Council for the purposes of—
15	(i) informing students, parents, teachers, and
16	related services personnel about the progress of al
17	students toward the standards;
18	(ii) improving classroom instruction and im
19	proving the learning outcomes for all students;
20	(iii) exemplifying for students, parents, and
21	teachers the kinds and levels of achievement that
22	should be expected of all students, including the

 $identification\ of\ student\ performance\ standards;$

1	(iv) measuring and motivating individual stu-
2	dents, schools, districts, States, and the Nation to
3	improve educational performance; and
4	(v) assisting education policymakers in making
5	decisions about education programs.
6	(C) The Council shall certify an assessment system
7	only if—
8	(i) the State has established or adopted oppor-
9	tunity-to-learn standards;
10	(ii) such system will not be used to make deci-
11	sions regarding graduation, grade promotion, or re-
12	tention of students for a period of five years from
13	the date of enactment of this Act; and
14	(iii) the State has submitted—
15	(I) a description of the purposes for which
16	the assessment system has been designed;
17	(II) the methodologies and process used to
18	develop, select, validate, and use such assess-
19	ment systems;
20	(III) a copy of the test instrument and, as
21	appropriate, other measures that will make up
22	the system; and
23	(IV) evidence that the test or tests which
24	are part of the assessment system are valid, re-
25	liable measures of their intended purposes, are

- aligned with the State content standards, are capable of assessing the progress of all students toward learning the material in the State content standards, and are consistent with relevant nationally recognized professional and technical standards.
- 7 (D) The Council shall, at the request of a State prior 8 to developing an assessment system for a proposed use, 9 review and provide guidance to such State on a proposed 10 package of measures, including tests that would be in-11 cluded in such a system.
- 12 (2)(A) The Council shall develop and, no sooner than 13 three years or later than four years after the enactment 14 of this Act, begin utilizing criteria for the certification of 15 assessment systems for the purposes indicated in para-16 graph (1)(B). Before using such criteria, the Council shall 17 forward the criteria to the Goals Panel for review, except 18 that the Goals Panel shall have the option of disapproving 19 such criteria by a two-thirds majority vote of the full mem-20 bership not later than 60 days after receipt of such cri-21 teria.
- 22 (B) The certification criteria developed by the Coun-23 cil shall address the extent to which the assessment sys-24 tem—

1	(i) is aligned with State content standards cer-
2	tified by the Council; and
3	(ii) is to be used for a purpose for which it is
4	valid, reliable, free of discrimination, and is consist-
5	ent with relevant, nationally recognized professional
6	and technical standards for assessment.
7	(C) In determining appropriate certification criteria
8	the Council shall—
9	(i) consider standards and criteria being devel-
10	oped by other national organizations, research on as-
11	sessment, and emerging new State and local assess-
12	ments;
13	(ii) recommend needed research;
14	(iii) encourage the development and field testing
15	of assessment systems; and
16	(iv) provide a public forum for discussing, de-
17	bating, and building consensus for the criteria to be
18	used for the certification of assessment systems.
19	(D) Prior to determining the certification criteria, the
20	Council shall seek public comment regarding the proposed
21	criteria.
22	(E) The Council shall certify an assessment system
23	only if such system includes all students.
24	(g) Performance of Duties.—In carrying out its
25	responsibilities under this title, the Council shall—

- (1) provide for a process of broad public input as part of the process of developing criteria for standards and assessments:
 - (2) work with Federal and non-Federal agencies and organizations which are conducting research, studies, or demonstration projects to determine internationally competitive standards and assessments, and may establish subject matter and other panels to advise it on particular content, student performance, and opportunity-to-learn standards and on assessments;
 - (3) shall establish cooperative arrangements with the National Skill Standards Board to promote the coordination of the development of content and student performance standards under this title with the development of skill standards under title IV of this Act;
 - (4) recommend studies to the Secretary that are necessary to carry out the Council's responsibilities:
 - (5) inform the public about what constitutes high quality, internationally competitive, content, student performance, and opportunity-to-learn standards, and assessment systems;

- 1 (6) on a regular basis, review and update cri-
- 2 teria for certifying content, student performance,
- and opportunity-to-learn standards, and assessment
- 4 systems; and
- 5 (7) periodically recertify, as appropriate, the
- 6 voluntary national content and student performance
- 7 standards, and the voluntary national opportunity-
- 8 to-learn standards and the assessments that it cer-
- 9 tifies under this section.
- 10 (h) Unconditioned State Participation.—No
- 11 State shall be required to obtain certification of standards
- 12 or assessments developed under subsection (b), (d), or (f)
- 13 of this section or to participate in programs under title
- 14 III of this Act, as a condition of participating in any Fed-
- 15 eral education program under this or any other Act.
- 16 SEC. 214. ANNUAL REPORTS.
- Not later than one year after the date the Council
- 18 concludes its first meeting, and in each succeeding year,
- 19 the Council shall prepare and submit a report to the Presi-
- 20 dent, the Secretary, the appropriate committees of Con-
- 21 gress, the Governor of each State, and the Goals Panel
- 22 regarding its work.
- 23 SEC. 215. POWERS OF THE COUNCIL.
- 24 (a) HEARINGS.—(1) The Council shall, for the pur-
- 25 pose of carrying out its responsibilities, conduct such hear-

- 1 ings, sit and act at such times and places, take such testi-
- 2 mony, and receive such evidence, as the Council considers
- 3 appropriate.
- 4 (2) In carrying out this part, the Council shall con-
- 5 duct public hearings in different geographic areas of the
- 6 United States, both urban and rural, to receive the re-
- 7 ports, views, and analyses of a broad spectrum of experts
- 8 and the public on the establishment of voluntary national
- 9 content, student performance, and opportunity-to-learn
- 10 standards, and assessment systems.
- 11 (b) Information.—The Council may secure directly
- 12 from any department or agency of the United States infor-
- 13 mation necessary to enable the Council to carry out this
- 14 part. Upon request of the Chairperson of the Council, the
- 15 head of a department or agency shall furnish such infor-
- 16 mation to the Council to the extent permitted by law.
- 17 (c) Postal Services.—The Council may use the
- 18 United States mail in the same manner and under the
- 19 same conditions as other departments and agencies of the
- 20 United States.
- 21 (d) Use of Facilities.—The Council may, with
- 22 their consent, use the research, equipment, services, and
- 23 facilities of any agency or instrumentality of the United
- 24 States, or of any State or political subdivision thereof.

1	(e) Administrative Arrangements and Sup-
2	PORT.—(1) The Secretary shall provide to the Council, on
3	a reimbursable basis, such administrative support services
4	as the Council may request.
5	(2) The Secretary shall, to the extent appropriate,
6	and on a reimbursable basis, make contracts and other
7	arrangements that are requested by the Council to help
8	it compile and analyze data or carry out other functions
9	necessary to the performance of its responsibilities.
10	SEC. 216. PUBLICATION FOR PUBLIC COMMENT.
11	(a) Transmittal.—For the purpose of obtaining
12	public comment through publication in the Federal Reg-
13	ister, the Council shall transmit to the Secretary—
14	(1) proposed criteria for certifying national and
15	State content and performance standards;
16	(2) proposed criteria for certifying national and
17	State opportunity-to-learn standards;
18	(3) proposed criteria for certifying State assess-
19	ment systems; and
20	(4) proposed national content, performance, and
21	opportunity-to-learn standards.
22	(b) Publication.—The Secretary shall publish such
23	proposed procedures, standards, and criteria in the Fed-
24	eral Register.

1 SEC. 217. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

- 2 (a) MEETINGS.—The Council shall meet on a regular
- 3 basis, as necessary, at the call of the Chairperson of the
- 4 Council, or a majority of its members.
- 5 (b) QUORUM.—A majority of the members shall con-
- 6 stitute a quorum for the transaction of business.
- 7 (c) VOTING.—The Council shall take all action of the
- 8 Council by a majority vote of the total membership of the
- 9 Council, ensuring the right of the minority to issue written
- 10 views. No individual may vote or exercise any of the pow-
- 11 ers of a member by proxy.
- 12 (d) Public Access.—The Council shall ensure pub-
- 13 lic access to its proceedings (other than proceedings, or
- 14 portions of proceedings, relating to internal personnel and
- 15 management matters) and make available to the public,
- 16 at reasonable cost, transcripts of such proceedings.
- 17 SEC. 218. DIRECTOR AND STAFF; EXPERTS AND CONSULT-
- 18 **ANTS.**
- 19 (a) DIRECTOR.—The Chairperson of the Council
- 20 shall, without regard to the provisions of title 5, United
- 21 States Code, relating to the appointment and compensa-
- 22 tion of officers or employees of the United States, appoint
- 23 a Director to be paid at a rate not to exceed the rate of
- 24 basic pay payable for level V of the Executive Schedule.
- 25 (b) APPOINTMENT AND PAY OF EMPLOYEES.—
- 26 (1)(A) The Director may appoint not more than four addi-

- 1 tional employees to serve as staff to the Council without
- 2 regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code,
- 3 governing appointments in the competitive service.
- 4 (B) The employees appointed under subparagraph
- 5 (A) may be paid without regard to the provisions of chap-
- 6 ter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of that title relat-
- 7 ing to classification and General Schedule pay rates, but
- 8 shall not be paid a rate that exceeds the maximum rate
- 9 of basic pay payable for GS-15 of the General Schedule.
- 10 (2) The Director may appoint additional employees
- 11 to serve as staff of the Council consistent with title 5,
- 12 United States Code.
- 13 (c) Experts and Consultants.—The Council may
- 14 procure temporary and intermittent services under section
- 15 3019(b) of title 5, United States Code.
- 16 (d) Staff of Federal Agencies.—Upon the re-
- 17 quest of the Council, the head of any department or agen-
- 18 cy of the United States may detail any of the personnel
- 19 of such department or agency to the Council to assist the
- 20 Council in its duties under this part.
- 21 SEC. 219. OPPORTUNITY-TO-LEARN DEVELOPMENT GRANT.
- 22 (a) Opportunity-to-Learn Development
- 23 Grant.—(1) The Secretary is authorized to make a grant,
- 24 on a competitive basis, to a consortium of individuals and
- 25 organizations to develop voluntary national opportunity-

1	to-learn standards consistent with the provisions of section
2	213(c).
3	(2) To the extent possible, such consortium shall in-
4	clude the participation of—
5	(A) State-level policymakers, such as Governors,
6	State legislators, chief State school officers, and
7	State school board members;
8	(B) local policymakers and administrators, such
9	as local school board members, superintendents, and
10	principals;
11	(C) teachers (especially teachers involved in the
12	development of content standards);
13	(D) parents and individuals with experience in
14	promoting parental involvement in education;
15	(E) representatives of business;
16	(F) experts in vocational-technical education;
17	(G) representatives of regional accrediting asso-
18	ciations;
19	(H) individuals with expertise in school finance
20	and equity, the education of at-risk students, and
21	the preparation and training of teachers and school
22	administrators;
23	(I) curriculum and school reform experts;
24	(J) student and civil rights advocacy groups;
25	(K) representatives of higher education; and

 $(L)\ secondary\ school\ students.$

2	(3) In developing voluntary national opportunity-to-
3	learn standards, such consortium shall—
4	(A) draw upon current research about student
5	achievement and the necessary conditions for effec-
6	tive teaching and learning; and
7	(B) provide for the development of several con-
8	secutive drafts of standards which incorporate the
9	comments and recommendations of educators and
10	other knowledgeable individuals across the Nation.
11	(4) One-third of the consortium shall consist of indi-
12	viduals with expertise in the educational needs and assess-
13	ment of children who are from low-income families, minor-
14	ity backgrounds, have limited-English proficiency, or have
15	disabilities.
16	(5) The membership of the consortium shall be geo-
17	graphically representative and reflect the racial, ethnic,
18	and gender diversity of the United States.
19	(b) APPLICATIONS.—(1) Any consortium that desires
20	to receive a grant under this subsection shall submit an
21	application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner,
22	and containing such information and assurances as the
23	Secretary may require.
24	(2) In awarding such grant, the Secretary shall give
25	priority to applications from consortia which involve indi-

- 1 viduals and organizations with the greatest diversity of
- 2 perspectives and points of view.
- 3 (3) In establishing additional priorities and selection
- 4 criteria for such grant, the Secretary shall give serious
- 5 consideration to the recommendations made by the Coun-
- 6 cil pursuant to section 213(c)(4)(A).
- 7 (c) Report.—After the development of the voluntary
- 8 national opportunity-to-learn standards, the consortium
- 9 funded under this section shall submit a report to the Sec-
- 10 retary which discusses the background, important issues,
- 11 and rationale regarding such standards.
- 12 SEC. 220. ASSESSMENT DEVELOPMENT AND EVALUATION
- 13 GRANTS.
- 14 (a) GENERAL.—(1) The Secretary is authorized to
- 15 make grants to States and local educational agencies or
- 16 consortia of such agencies to help defray the cost of devel-
- 17 oping, field testing, and evaluating assessment systems, to
- 18 be used for some or all of the purposes indicated in section
- 19 213(f)(1)(B), that are aligned to State content standards
- 20 certified by the Council.
- 21 (2) The Secretary shall reserve a portion of the funds
- 22 authorized under section 231(d) for grants to State edu-
- 23 cational agencies and local educational agencies for pur-
- 24 poses of developing such assessments in languages other
- 25 than English.

- 1 (b) APPLICATIONS.—A State, local educational agen-
- 2 cy, or consortium of such agencies that desires to receive
- 3 a grant under subsection (a)(1) shall submit an applica-
- 4 tion to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and
- 5 containing such information and assurances as the Sec-
- 6 retary may require.
- 7 (c) REQUIREMENTS.—(1) A recipient of a grant
- 8 under this section shall—
- 9 (A) examine the validity and reliability of an as-
- sessment system for the particular purposes for
- which such assessment system was developed;
- 12 (B) ensure that an assessment system is con-
- sistent with relevant, nationally recognized profes-
- sional and technical standards for assessments; and
- 15 (C) devote special attention to how an assess-
- ment system, treats all students, especially with re-
- gard to the race, gender, ethnicity, disability, and
- language proficiency.
- 19 (2) An assessment system developed and evaluated
- 20 with funds under this section may not be used for deci-
- 21 sions about individual students relating to program place-
- 22 ment, promotion, or retention, graduation, or employment
- 23 for a period of five years from the date of enactment of
- 24 this Act.

1 SEC. 221. EVALUATION.

2	(a) Grant.—From funds reserved under section
3	304(a)(2), the Secretary annually shall make a grant, in
4	an amount not to exceed \$500,000, to the Commission on
5	Behavioral and Social Sciences and Education of the Na-
6	tional Academy of Sciences or to the National Academy
7	of Education to—
8	(1) evaluate—
9	(A) the technical quality of the work per-
10	formed by the Goals Panel and the Council;
11	(B) the process the Council uses to develop
12	criteria for certification of standards and as-
13	sessments;
14	(C) the process the Council uses to certify
15	voluntary national standards as well as stand-
16	ards and assessments voluntarily submitted by
17	States; and
18	(D) the process the Goals Panel uses to
19	approve certification criteria and voluntary na-
20	tional standards;
21	(2) periodically provide to the Goals Panel and
22	the Council, as appropriate, information from the
23	evaluation under paragraph (1); and
24	(3) report on the activities authorized under
25	sections 219 and 220.

- 1 (b) Report.—The grant recipient shall periodically
- 2 report to the Congress, the Secretary, and the public re-
- 3 garding findings and shall make a final report not later
- 4 than January 1, 1998.

5 PART C—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

6 SEC. 231. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 7 (a) National Education Goals Panel.—There
- 8 are authorized to be appropriated \$3,000,000 for fiscal
- 9 year 1994 and such sums as may be necessary for each
- 10 of the four succeeding fiscal years to carry out part A of
- 11 this title.
- 12 (b) National Education Standards and Im-
- 13 PROVEMENT COUNCIL.—There are authorized to be ap-
- 14 propriated \$3,000,000 for fiscal year 1994 and such sums
- 15 as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 1995
- 16 through 1998 to carry out part B of this title.
- 17 (c) Opportunity-to-Learn Development
- 18 Grant.—There are authorized to be appropriated
- 19 \$3,000,000 for fiscal year 1994 and such sums as may
- 20 be necessary for fiscal year 1995 to carry out the Oppor-
- 21 tunity-to-Learn Development Grant Program established
- 22 under section 219 of this title.
- 23 (d) Assessment Development and Evaluation
- 24 Grants.—There are authorized to be appropriated
- 25 \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 1994 and such sums as may

- 1 be necessary for each of the fiscal years 1995 through
- 2 1998 to carry out the Assessment Development and Eval-
- 3 uation Grants Program established under section 220 of
- 4 this title.

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5 TITLE III—STATE AND LOCAL

6 EDUCATION SYSTEMIC IM-

7 **PROVEMENT**

- 8 SEC. 301. CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS.
- 9 The Congress finds that—
- 10 (1) all students can learn and achieve high 11 standards and must realize their potential if the 12 United States is to prosper;
 - (2) the reforms in education of the last 15 years have achieved some good results, but these efforts often have been limited to a few schools or to a single part of the educational system;
 - (3) leadership must come both from teachers, related services personnel, principals, and parents in individual schools and from policymakers at the local, State, tribal, and national levels, in order for lasting improvements in student performance to occur;
 - (4) simultaneous top-down and bottom-up education reform is necessary to spur creative and innovative approaches by individual schools to help all

- students achieve internationally competitive stand-1 2 ards;
 - (5) strategies must be developed by communities and States to support the revitalization of all local public schools by fundamentally changing the entire system of public education through comprehensive, coherent, and coordinated improvement in order to increase student learning;
 - (6) parents, teachers, and other local educators, and business, community, and tribal leaders must be involved in developing systemwide improvement strategies that reflect the needs of their individual communities:
 - (7) State and local education improvement efforts must incorporate strategies for providing all students and families with coordinated access to appropriate social services, health care, nutrition, and child care to remove preventable barriers to learning and enhance school readiness for all students:
 - (8) States and local educational agencies, working together, must immediately set about developing and implementing such systemwide improvement strategies if the Nation is to educate all children to meet their full potential and achieve the National Education Goals listed in title I of this Act:

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- (9) State and local systemic improvement strategies must provide all students with effective mechanisms and appropriate paths to the workforce as well as to higher education;
 - (10) business should be encouraged to enter into partnerships with schools, provide information and guidance to schools on the needs of area business for properly educated graduates in general and on the need for particular workplace skills, that the schools may provide necessary material and support, and continue the lifelong learning process throughout the employment years of an individual, and schools should provide information to business regarding how the business community can assist schools in meeting the goals of this Act;
- (11) institutions of higher education should be encouraged to enter into partnerships with schools to provide information and guidance to schools on the skills and knowledge graduates need in order to enter and successfully complete postsecondary education, and schools should provide information and guidance to institutions of higher education on the skills, knowledge, and preservice training teachers need, and the types of professional development educators need in order to meet the goals of this Act;

- 1 (12) the appropriate and innovative use of tech-2 nology, including distance learning, can be very ef-3 fective in helping to bring all students the oppor-4 tunity to learn and meet high standards; and
- 5 (13) Federal funds should be targeted to sup-6 port local and State initiatives, and to leverage State 7 and local resources for designing and implementing 8 system-wide improvement plans.

9 SEC. 302. PURPOSE.

- The purpose of this title is to improve the quality of education for all students by improving student learning through a long-term, broad-based effort to promote coherent and coordinated improvements in the system of education throughout the Nation at the local and State levels. This title provides new authorities and funding for the Nation's school systems without replacing or reducing funding for existing Federal education programs. It is the intention of the Congress that no State or local educational
- 20 cation reform on account of receiving any funds under this

agency will reduce its funding for education or for edu-

21 title.

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22 SEC. 303. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- For the purpose of carrying out this title, there are
- 24 authorized to be appropriated \$393,000,000 for the fiscal

1	year 1994, and such sums as may be necessary for each
2	of the fiscal years 1995 through 1998.
3	SEC. 304. ALLOTMENT OF FUNDS.
4	(a) RESERVATIONS OF FUNDS.—From funds appro-
5	priated under section 303, the Secretary—
6	(1) shall reserve a total of one percent to pro-
7	vide assistance, in amounts determined by the Sec-
8	retary—
9	(A) to the outlying areas; and
10	(B) to the Secretary of the Interior to ben-
11	efit Indian students in schools operated or
12	funded by the Bureau of Indian Affairs (re-
13	ferred to in this Act as the "Bureau"); and
14	(2) may reserve a total of up to 6 percent for—
15	(A) national leadership activities under
16	section 313;
17	(B) the costs of peer review of State im-
18	provement plans and applications under this
19	title; and
20	(C) evaluation activities under section 221.
21	(b) STATE ALLOTMENTS.—The Secretary shall allot
22	the remaining amount appropriated under section 303 for
23	each fiscal year to the States (which for the purposes of
24	this subsection does not include the outlying areas) as fol-
25	lows:

- 1 (1) 50 percent of such remaining amount shall
 2 be allocated in accordance with the relative amounts
 3 such State received under chapter 1 of title I of the
 4 Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965
 5 for the preceding fiscal year.
- 6 (2) 50 percent of such remaining amount shall
 7 be allocated in accordance with the relative amounts
 8 each such State received under part A of chapter 2
 9 of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Edu10 cation Act of 1965 for the preceding fiscal year.
- 11 (c) Reallotments.—If the Secretary determines 12 that any amount of a State's allotment for any fiscal year 13 under subsection (b) will not be needed for such fiscal year 14 by the State, the Secretary shall reallot such amount to 15 other States that need additional funds, in such manner 16 as the Secretary determines is appropriate.

17 SEC. 305. STATE APPLICATIONS.

- 18 (a) GENERAL.—(1) If a State desires to receive a
 19 grant under this title, the State educational agency shall
 20 submit an application to the Secretary at such time and
 21 in such manner as the Secretary may determine.
- 22 (2) In addition to the information described in sub-23 sections (b) and (c), each such application shall include—
- 24 (A) an assurance that the State educational 25 agency will cooperate with the Secretary in carrying

- out the Secretary's responsibilities under section 312, and will comply with reasonable requests of the Secretary for data related to the State's progress in developing and implementing its State improvement plan under this title;
 - (B) an assurance that State law provides adequate authority to carry out each component of the State's improvement plan developed, or to be developed under section 306, or that such authority will be sought;
 - (C) an assurance that the standards developed for student achievement are not less rigorous than student achievement standards used prior to the date of enactment of this Act;
 - (D) an assurance that the State will provide for broad public participation in the planning process; and
- 18 (E) such other assurances and information as 19 the Secretary may require.
- 20 (b) First Year.—A State's application for the first 21 year of assistance under this title shall—
- 22 (1) describe the process by which the State will 23 develop a school improvement plan that meets the 24 requirements of section 306; and

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- 1 (2) describe how the State educational agency 2 will use funds received under this title for such year, 3 including how the State educational agency will 4 make subgrants to local educational agencies and for
- 5 teacher training.
- 6 (c) Subsequent Years.—A State's second applica-7 tion under this title shall—
- 8 (1) cover the second through fifth years of its 9 participation;
- 10 (2) include a copy of the State's improvement 11 plan that meets the requirements of section 306 or, 12 if the State plan is not complete, a statement of the 13 steps it will take to complete the plan and a schedule 14 for doing so; and
- 15 (3) include an explanation of how the State will 16 use funds received under this title, including how it 17 will make subgrants to local educational agencies 18 and for teacher training under section 309(b)(1).

19 SEC. 306. STATE IMPROVEMENT PLANS.

- 20 (a) Basic Scope of Plan.—Any State educational
- 21 agency that wishes to receive a grant under this title after
- 22 its first year of participation shall develop and implement
- 23 a plan for the fundamental restructuring and improvement
- 24 of elementary and secondary education in the State. This
- 25 plan must address—

- (1) in accordance with subsection (c), the establishment or adoption of challenging content and student performance standards for all students and the use of curricula, instructional practices, assessments, technology, parental involvement programs, and professional preparation and development approaches appropriate to help all students reach such standards;
 - (2) in accordance with subsection (d), the establishment or adoption of opportunity-to-learn standards that will define the conditions of teaching and learning that provide all students the opportunity to meet the challenging content and student performance standards;
 - (3) in accordance with subsection (e), needed changes in the governance and management of the education system in order to effectively focus schools on, and assist them in, preparing all students to meet the challenging State standards;
 - (4) in accordance with subsection (f), comprehensive strategies to involve communities, including parents, businesses, libraries, institutions of higher education, employment and training agencies, health and human service agencies, advocacy groups, cultural institutions, and other public and private

- agencies that provide social services, health care, child care, early childhood education, and nutrition to students, in helping all students meet the challenging State standards;
 - (5) in accordance with subsection (g), strategies for ensuring that all local educational agencies and schools within the State are involved in developing and implementing needed improvements within a specified period of time;
 - (6) in accordance with subsection (h), strategies for ensuring that comprehensive, systemic reform is promoted from the bottom up in communities, local educational agencies, and schools; and
 - (7) the needs of the children, ages 5 through 18, who are out of school and the extent to which such children can be brought back into the education system and meet the standards set forth in this Act.
- 18 (b) Plan Development.—(1) A State improvement
- 19 plan under this title must be developed by a broad-based
- 20 panel (referred to in this title as the "panel") in coopera-
- 21 tion with the State educational agency and the Governor.
- 22 The panel shall include—

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- 23 (A) the Governor and the chief State school of-
- 24 ficer, or their designees;

- 1 (B) the chairman of the State board of edu-2 cation and the chairmen of the appropriate authoriz-3 ing committees of the State legislature, or their des-4 ignees;
 - (C) teachers, principals, and administrators who have successfully improved student performance and deans of colleges of education;
 - (D) representatives of teacher organizations, parents, institutions of higher education, business and labor leaders, community-based organizations, Indian tribes, local boards of education, State and local officials responsible for health, social services, and other related services, and others, as appropriate;
 - (E) representatives from rural and urban local educational agencies in the State; and
- 17 (F) experts in educational measurement and as-18 sessment.
- 19 (2) The Governor and the chief State school officer
- 20 shall each appoint half the members of the State panel.
- 21 The full panel shall establish the procedures regarding the
- 22 operation of the panel, including the designation of the
- 23 panel chairperson.

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- 24 (3) To the extent feasible, the membership of the
- 25 panel shall be geographically representative of the State

- 1 and reflect the diversity of the population of the State with
- 2 regard to race, ethnicity, gender, and disability character-
- 3 istics.
- 4 (4) One-third of the panel members shall be individ-
- 5 uals with expertise in the educational needs and assess-
- 6 ments of children who are from low-income families, mi-
- 7 nority group backgrounds, have limited-English pro-
- 8 ficiency, or have disabilities.
- 9 (5) The panel shall consult the Governor, the chief
- 10 State school officer, the State board of education, and rel-
- 11 evant committees of the State legislature in developing the
- 12 plan.
- 13 (6) The panel shall be responsible for conducting a
- 14 statewide, grassroots outreach process, including conduct-
- 15 ing public hearings, to involve educators, related services
- 16 personnel, parents, secondary school students, local offi-
- 17 cials, private nonprofit elementary and secondary schools,
- 18 community and business leaders, Indian tribes, citizens,
- 19 children's advocates, and others with a stake in the suc-
- 20 cess of students and their education system, and who are
- 21 representative of the diversity of the State and its student
- 22 population, in the development of the State plan and in
- 23 a continuing dialog regarding the need for and nature of
- 24 challenging standards for all students and local and State
- 25 responsibilities for helping all students achieve them.

- 1 (7) The panel shall develop a continuing process for
- 2 interacting with local educational agencies and individual
- 3 schools engaged in systemic reform, especially including
- 4 local educational agencies and schools which receive
- 5 subgrants under section 309 of this Act, to ensure that
- 6 the development and implementation of the State plan re-
- 7 flects their needs and experiences.
- 8 (8) The panel shall develop a State plan, provide op-
- 9 portunity for public comment, and submit the State plan
- 10 to the State educational agency for approval.
- 11 (9) The State educational agency shall submit the
- 12 original State improvement plan developed by the panel
- 13 and the State improvement plan if modified by such agen-
- 14 cy, together with an explanation of any changes made by
- 15 such agency to the plan developed by the panel, to the
- 16 Secretary for approval.
- 17 (10) If any portion of the State plan addresses mat-
- 18 ters that, under State or other applicable law, are not
- 19 under the authority of the State educational agency, the
- 20 State educational agency shall obtain the approval of, or
- 21 changes to, such portion, with an explanation from the
- 22 Governor or other official responsible for that portion be-
- 23 fore submitting the plan to the Secretary.
- 24 (11) After approval of the State plan by the Sec-
- 25 retary, the panel, in close consultation with teachers, prin-

- 1 cipals, administrators, school boards, advocacy groups, ad-
- 2 vocates of children with disabilities and parents in local
- 3 educational agencies and schools receiving funds under
- 4 this title, shall monitor the implementation and effective-
- 5 ness of the State plan to determine if revisions are appro-
- 6 priate, and shall periodically report its findings to the pub-
- 7 lic.
- 8 (c) Teaching, Learning, Standards, and As-
- 9 SESSMENTS.—Each State plan shall establish strategies
- 10 and a timetable for improving teaching and learning, in-
- 11 cluding—
- 12 (1) a process for developing or adopting chal-
- lenging content and student performance standards
- for all students which includes coordinating the
- standards developed pursuant to section 115 of the
- 16 Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology
- 17 Education Act of 1990;
- 18 (2) a process for providing assistance and sup-
- port to local educational agencies and schools to give
- them the capacity and responsibility to provide all
- students the opportunity to increase education
- achievement and meet challenging State content and
- 23 student performance standards;
- 24 (3) assessing the effectiveness and equity of the
- school finance program of the State to identify dis-

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- parities in the resources available to each local educational agency and school in such State and how such disparities affect the ability of the State educational agency and local educational agencies to develop and implement plans under this title;
 - (4) a process for developing, adopting, or recommending instructional materials, including gender equitable and multicultural materials, and technology to support and assist local educational agencies and schools to provide all students the opportunity to meet the challenging State content and student performance standards;
 - (5) a process for developing and implementing a valid and nondiscriminatory assessment system or set of locally-based assessment systems which are consistent with relevant, nationally recognized, professional and technical standards for assessment, and are capable of providing coherent information about student attainments relative to the State content standards;
 - (6) a process for monitoring the implementation of such system or systems and the impact on improved instruction for all students;
 - (7) a process for improving the State's system of teacher and school administrator preparation, li-

- censure, and continuing professional development so that all teachers, related services personnel, and administrators develop the subject matter and pedagogical expertise needed to prepare all students to meet the challenging standards under paragraph (1);
 - (8) a process for providing appropriate and effective professional development, including the use of technology, distance learning, and gender-equitable methods, necessary for teachers, school administrators, and others to help all students meet the challenging standards under paragraph (1); and
 - (9) a process to ensure widespread participation of classroom teachers in developing the portions of the plan described in this subsection.
- 15 (d) OPPORTUNITY-TO-LEARN STANDARDS.—Each 16 State plan shall establish a strategy and timetable for—
 - (1) adopting or establishing opportunity-tolearn standards that are consistent with the challenging content and student performance standards that have been adopted or established;
 - (2) ensuring that every school in the State is making demonstrable progress toward meeting the State's opportunity-to-learn standards;
- 24 (3) ensuring that the State's opportunity-to-25 learn standards address the need of all students:

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- 1 (4) providing for periodic assessments of the ex-2 tent to which opportunity-to-learn standards are 3 being met throughout the State; and
- (5) periodically reporting to the public on the extent of the State's improvement in achieving such standards and providing all students with a fair opportunity to achieve the knowledge and skill levels that meet the State's content and student performance standards.
- 10 (e) GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT.—Each State
 11 plan shall establish strategies for improved governance
 12 and management of its education system, such as—
 - (1) aligning responsibility, authority, and accountability throughout the education system, so that decisions regarding content and student performance standards are coordinated and decisions regarding the means for achieving such standards are made closest to the learners;
 - (2) creating an integrated and coherent approach to attracting, recruiting, preparing and licensing, appraising, rewarding, retaining, and supporting the continued professional development of teachers (including vocational teachers), administrators, and other educators, including bilingual educators and special education providers, so that there

1	is a highly talented workforce of professional edu-
2	cators capable of preparing all students to reach
3	challenging standards, with special attention to the
4	recruitment, training, and retention of qualified mi-
5	norities into the education profession within the
6	State to ensure that the profession reflects the racial
7	and ethnic diversity of the student population;
8	(3) providing incentives for high performance,
9	such as—
10	(A) working with employers and institu-
11	tions of higher education to devise strategies to
12	reward student achievement;
13	(B) incentives for classroom teachers, prin-
14	cipals, and other professional educators to par-
15	ticipate in professional development activities;
16	and
17	(C) school-based incentives for schools and
18	local educational agencies to improve student
19	performance;
20	(4) increasing the proportion of State and local
21	funds allocated to direct instructional purposes; and
22	(5) increasing flexibility for local educational
23	agencies and schools by, for example—

1	(A) waiving State regulations and other re-
2	quirements that impede educational improve-
3	ment;
4	(B) focusing accountability on educational
5	outcomes rather than monitoring compliance
6	with input requirements; and
7	(C) fostering conditions that allow teach-
8	ers, principals, and parents in the school com-
9	munity to be creative in helping all students
10	meet challenging standards.
11	(f) Parental and Community Support and In-
12	VOLVEMENT.—Each State plan shall describe strategies
13	for how the State will involve parents and other commu-
14	nity members in planning, designing, and implementing
15	its plan, including such strategies as—
16	(1) educating the public about the need for
17	higher standards, systemic improvement, and aware-
18	ness of diverse learning needs;
19	(2) involving parents, communities, and advo-
20	cacy groups in the standard-setting and improve-
21	ment process;
22	(3) linking the family and school in supporting
23	students to meet the challenging student content
24	and performance standards established;

1	(4) reporting, on an ongoing basis, to parents,
2	educators, and the public on the progress in imple-
3	menting the plan and improving student perform-
4	ance;
5	(5) focusing public and private community re-
6	sources and public school resources on prevention
7	and early intervention to address the needs of all
8	students by—
9	(A) identifying and removing unnecessary
10	regulations and obstacles to coordination;
11	(B) improving communication and infor-
12	mation exchange; and
13	(C) providing appropriate training to agen-
14	cy personnel; and
15	(6) increasing the access of all students to so-
16	cial services, health care, nutrition, related services,
17	and child care services, and locating such services in
18	schools, cooperating service agencies, community-
19	based centers, or other convenient sites designed to
20	provide "one-stop shopping" for parents and stu-
21	dents.
22	(g) Making the Improvements Systemwide.—To
23	help provide all students throughout the State the oppor-
24	tunity to meet challenging State standards, each State

25 plan shall describe strategies such as—

- (1) ensuring that the improvement efforts expand from the initial local educational agencies, schools, and educators involved to all local educational agencies, schools, and educators in the State education system through such approaches as teacher and administrator professional development, technical assistance, whole school projects, intensive summer training, and networking of teachers and other educators, consortia of schools, and local educational agencies undertaking similar improvements;
 - (2) developing partnerships among preschools, elementary and secondary schools, institutions of higher education, cultural institutions, health and social service providers, and employers to improve teaching and learning at all levels of the education system for all students and to foster collaboration and continuous improvement;
 - (3) strategies to provide for the close coordination of standards development and improvement efforts among institutions of higher education and secondary, and elementary schools;
 - (4) conducting parental involvement activities and outreach programs aimed at parents whose language is a language other than English, individuals with disabilities, and other special populations, in-

- cluding American Indians, Alaskan Natives, and Native Hawaiians, to involve all segments of the community in the development of the State plan;
 - (5) developing partnerships with Indian tribes and schools funded by the Bureau, where appropriate, to improve consistency and compatibility in curriculum among public and such schools funded by the Bureau at all grade levels;
 - (6) allocating all available local, State, and Federal resources to achieve system-wide improvement;
 - (7) providing for the development of objective criteria and measures against which the success of local plans will be evaluated;
 - (8) providing for the availability of curricular materials, learning technologies, including distance learning, and professional development in a manner ensuring equal access by all local educational agencies in the State;
 - (9) taking steps to ensure that all local educational agencies, schools, and educators in the State benefit from successful programs and practices supported by funds made available to local educational agencies and schools under this title; and
 - (10) providing assistance to students, teachers, schools, and local educational agencies that are iden-

- tified through the assessment system developed under subsection (c)(5) as needing such assistance.
- 3 (h) Promoting Bottom-Up Reform.—Each State
- 4 plan shall include strategies for ensuring that comprehen-
- 5 sive, systemic reform is promoted from the bottom up in
- 6 communities, local educational agencies, and schools, as
- 7 well as guided by coordination and facilitation from State
- 8 leaders, including strategies such as—

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- (1) ensuring that the State plan is responsive to the needs and experiences of local educational agencies, schools, teachers, the community, and parents;
 - (2) establishing mechanisms for continuous input from local schools, communities, advocacy groups, institutions of higher education, and local educational agencies into, and feedback on, the implementation of the State plan;
 - (3) providing discretionary resources that enable teachers and schools to purchase needed professional development and other forms of assistance consistent with their improvement plan from high-quality providers of their choice;
 - (4) establishing collaborative networks of teachers centered on content standards and assessments for the purpose of improving teaching and learning;

- 1 (5) providing flexibility to individual schools 2 and local educational agencies to enable them to 3 adapt and integrate State content standards into 4 courses of study appropriate for individual schools 5 and communities;
 - (6) facilitating the provision of waivers from State rules and regulations that impede the ability of local educational agencies or schools to carry out local education improvement plans; and
 - (7) facilitating communication among educators within and between local educational agencies for the purpose of sharing innovative and effective practices, including, through the use of telecommunications, distance learning, site visits, and other means.
- 15 (i) Coordination with School-to-Work Pro-GRAMS.—If a State has received Federal assistance for the 16 purpose of planing for, expanding, or establishing a 17 school-to-work program, then a State shall include in the 18 State plan a description of how such school-to-work pro-19 gram will be incorporated into the school reform efforts of the State. In particular, the State plan shall include 21 a description of how secondary schools will be modified in order to provide career guidance, the integration of aca-23 demic and vocational education, and work-based learning,

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- 1 if such programs are proposed in the State's school-to-
- 2 work plan.
- 3 (j) BENCHMARKS AND TIMELINES.—Each State plan
- 4 shall include specific benchmarks of improved student per-
- 5 formance and of progress in implementing the improve-
- 6 ment plan, and timelines against which the progress of
- 7 the State in carrying out its plan, including the elements
- 8 described in subsections (c) through (h), can be measured.
- 9 (k) COORDINATING STRATEGIES.—Each State plan
- 10 shall include strategies for coordinating the integration of
- 11 academic and vocational instruction pursuant to the Carl
- 12 D. Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology Education
- 13 Act.
- 14 (I) PROGRAM IMPROVEMENT AND ACCOUNTABIL-
- 15 ITY.—Each State shall describe—
- 16 (1) how the State will monitor progress towards
- implementing the State and local plans; and
- 18 (2) procedures the State will use to ensure
- schools and school districts meet State opportunity-
- 20 to-learn and content standards within the estab-
- 21 lished time lines.
- 22 (m) PEER REVIEW AND SECRETARIAL APPROVAL.—
- 23 (1) The Secretary shall review each State improvement
- 24 plan prepared under this section, and each application
- 25 submitted under section 305, with the assistance and ad-

- 1 vice of State and local education policymakers, educators,
- 2 classroom teachers, related services personnel, experts on
- 3 educational innovation and improvement, parents, advo-
- 4 cates for children with disabilities, representatives of other
- 5 advocacy groups, and other appropriate individuals. The
- 6 peer review process shall be performed by individuals rep-
- 7 resentative of the diversity of the United States with re-
- 8 gard to geography, race, ethnicity, gender, and disability.
- 9 The review of each State plan shall include at least one
- 10 site visit to each State.
- 11 (2) The Secretary shall approve a State's plan when
- 12 the Secretary determines, after considering the peer re-
- 13 viewers' comment, that it—
- 14 (A) reflects a widespread commitment within
- the State;
- 16 (B) holds reasonable promise of enabling all
- students to achieve at the high levels called for by
- this Act;
- 19 (C) meets the requirements of subsections (a)
- 20 through (k); and
- 21 (D) allows local schools, local educational agen-
- cies and communities the flexibility to implement
- local improvement plans in a manner which reflects
- local needs and requirements in order to promote a
- 25 'bottom up' system of school reform.

- 1 (3) The Secretary shall not decline to approve a
- 2 State's plan, or any State application submitted under sec-
- 3 tion 305, before offering the State—
- 4 (A) an opportunity to revise its plan or applica-
- 5 tion; and
- 6 (B) a hearing.
- 7 (n) REGULAR REVIEW.—Each State plan shall in-
- 8 clude a process for regularly reviewing and updating any
- 9 State content, student performance, and opportunity-to-
- 10 learn standards and assessment systems.
- 11 (o) AMENDMENTS TO PLAN.—(1) Each State shall
- 12 periodically review its plan and revise it, as appropriate,
- 13 in accordance with the process described in subsection (b).
- 14 (2) The Secretary shall review major amendments to
- 15 a State's plan through the same process, described in sub-
- 16 section (j), used to review the original plan.
- 17 (p) Preexisting State Plans and Panels.—(1)
- 18 If a State has developed a comprehensive and systemic
- 19 improvement plan to help all students meet challenging
- 20 standards, or any component of such a plan, that other-
- 21 wise meets the requirements of this section, the Secretary
- 22 may approve such plan or component notwithstanding that
- 23 it was not developed in accordance with subsection (b),
- 24 if the Secretary determines that such approval would fur-

- 1 ther the purposes of State systemic education improve-
- 2 ment.
- 3 (2) If, before the enactment of this Act, a State has
- 4 made substantial progress in developing a plan that other-
- 5 wise meets, or is likely to meet, the requirements of this
- 6 section, but was developed by a panel that does not meet
- 7 the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of sub-
- 8 section (b), the Secretary may, at the request of the Gov-
- 9 ernor and the State educational agency, treat such panel
- 10 as meeting the requirements of this title if the Secretary
- 11 determines that there has been statewide involvement of
- 12 educators, parents, students, advocacy groups, other inter-
- 13 ested members of the public in the development of the
- 14 plan.
- 15 SEC. 307. SECRETARY'S REVIEW OF APPLICATIONS; PAY-
- 16 MENTS.
- 17 (a) FIRST YEAR.—The Secretary shall approve the
- 18 initial year application of a State educational agency
- 19 under section 305(b) if the Secretary determines that—
- 20 (1) such application meets the requirements of
- 21 this title; and
- 22 (2) there is a substantial likelihood that the re-
- 23 newal application of the State will be able to develop
- and implement an education improvement plan that
- complies with section 306.

1	(b) SECOND THROUGH FIFTH YEARS.—The Sec-
2	retary shall approve a renewal application of a State edu-
3	cational agency under section 305(c) for the second
4	through fifth years only if—
5	(1)(A) the Secretary has approved the State's
6	improvement plan under section 306(l); or
7	(B) the Secretary determines that the State has
8	made substantial progress in developing such plan;
9	and
10	(2) such application meets the other require-
11	ments of this title.
12	(c) PAYMENTS.—For any fiscal year for which a
13	State has an approved application under this title, the Sec-
14	retary shall make a grant to the State educational agency
15	in the amount determined under section 304(b).
16	SEC. 308. STATE USE OF FUNDS.
17	(a) FIRST YEAR.—In the first year for which a State
18	educational agency receives a grant under this title, the
19	State—
20	(1) shall use at least 75 percent of such funds
21	to make subgrants, in accordance with section
22	309(a), to local educational agencies for the develop-
23	ment or implementation of local improvement plans
24	and to make subgrants, in accordance with section

309(b), to improve educator preservice programs

1	and for professional development activities consistent
2	with the State plan, if the amount allocated to
3	States under section 304(b) for such year is at least
4	\$50,000,000. The State may use such funds for
5	such subgrants if such amount is less than
6	\$50,000,000; and
7	(2) shall use the remainder of such funds to de-
8	velop, revise, expand, or implement an education im-
9	provement plan described in section 306.
10	(b) Succeeding Years.—A State that receives as-
11	sistance under this title for any year after the first year
12	of participation shall—
13	(1) use at least 90 percent of such assistance
14	in each succeeding year to make subgrants—
15	(A) to local educational agencies, in ac-
16	cordance with section 309(a), for the implemen-
17	tation of the State improvement plan and of
18	local improvement plans; and
19	(B) in accordance with section 309(b), to
20	improve educator preservice programs and for
21	professional development activities that are con-
22	sistent with the State improvement plan; and
23	(2) use the remainder of such assistance for
24	State activities designed to implement its improve-
25	ment plan, such as—

- (A) supporting the development or adoption of State content and student performance standards, State opportunity-to-learn standards, and assessments linked to the standards, including through consortia of States, and in conjunction with the National Education Standards and Improvement Council established under part B of title II of this Act;
 - (B) supporting the implementation of highperformance management and organizational strategies, such as site-based management, shared decisionmaking, or quality management principles, to promote effective implementation of such plan;
 - (C) supporting the development and implementation, at the local educational agency and school building level, of improved human resource development systems for recruiting, selecting, mentoring, supporting, evaluating, and rewarding educators;
 - (D) providing special attention to the needs of minority, limited-English proficient, disabled, and female students, including instructional programs and activities that encourage such students in elementary and secondary

1	schools to aspire to enter post secondary edu-
2	cation or training;
3	(E) supporting the development, at the
4	State or local level, of performance-based ac-
5	countability and incentive systems for schools;
6	(F) outreach related to education improve-
7	ment to parents, Indian tribal officials, class-
8	room teachers, related services personnel, and
9	other educators, and the public;
10	(G) providing technical assistance and
11	other services to increase the capacity of local
12	educational agencies and schools to develop and
13	implement local systemic improvement plans,
14	implement new assessments, and develop curric-
15	ula consistent with the content and student per-
16	formance standards of the State;
17	(H) promoting public magnet schools, pub-
18	lic "charter schools", and other mechanisms for
19	increasing choice among public schools; and
20	(I) collecting and analyzing data.
21	(c) Limit on Administrative Costs.—In each
22	year, a State may use not more than four percent of its
23	annual allotment under this title, or \$100,000, whichever
24	is greater, for administrative expenses, not including the
25	activities of the panel established under section 306(b)(1).

1 SEC. 309. SUBGRANTS FOR LOCAL REFORM AND PROFES-

- 2 **SIONAL DEVELOPMENT.**
- 3 (a) Subgrants to Local Educational Agen-
- 4 CIES.—(1)(A) Each State educational agency shall make
- 5 subgrants to local educational agencies (or consortia of
- 6 such agencies) consistent with subsections (a)(1) and
- 7 (b)(1)(A) of section 308 through a competitive process.
- 8 (B) In making such subgrants, the State educational
- 9 agency shall award not less than 1 subgrant in each fiscal
- 10 year to an urban local educational agency and not less
- 11 than 1 subgrant in each fiscal year to a rural local edu-
- 12 cational agency, except that this provision shall not apply
- 13 to the District of Columbia. Rural local educational agen-
- 14 cies may include or be represented as a fiscal agent by
- 15 an education service agency.
- 16 (C) Each subgrant shall be for a project of sufficient
- 17 duration and of sufficient size, scope, and quality to carry
- 18 out the purpose of this title effectively.
- 19 (2) A local educational agency wishing to receive a
- 20 subgrant under this title for the purpose of developing a
- 21 comprehensive local plan shall submit an application to the
- 22 State educational agency. Such application shall contain
- 23 assurances that the local educational agency intends to de-
- 24 velop a plan that meets the requirements of this section.
- 25 (3) Each local educational agency wishing to receive
- 26 a subgrant for the purpose of implementing a plan under

1	this subsection shall submit a local plan to the State edu-
2	cational agency which—
3	(A) is developed by a broad-based panel that—
4	(i) is appointed by the local educational
5	agency and is representative of the diversity of
6	students and community with regard to race,
7	language, ethnicity, gender, disability, and so-
8	cioeconomic characteristics and includes teach-
9	ers, parents, advocacy groups, school adminis-
10	trators, business representatives, and others, as
11	appropriate; and
12	(ii) shall, following the selection of its
13	members, establish the procedures regarding
14	the operation of the panel, including the des-
15	ignation of the chairperson;
16	(B) includes a comprehensive local plan for dis-
17	trictwide education improvement, directed at ena-
18	bling all students to meet the challenging content
19	and student performance standards of the State, in-
20	cluding specific goals and benchmarks, consistent
21	with the State improvement plan (either approved or
22	under development) and includes a strategy for—
23	(i) implementing opportunity-to-learn
24	standards;
25	(ii) improving teaching and learning:

1	(iii) improving governance and manage-
2	ment;
3	(iv) generating and strengthening parental
4	and community involvement; and
5	(v) expanding improvements throughout
6	the local educational agency;
7	(C) promotes the flexibility of local schools in
8	developing plans which address the particular needs
9	of their school and community and are consistent
10	with the local plan;
11	(D) describes a process of broad-based commu-
12	nity participation in the development, implementa-
13	tion, and evaluation of the local plan;
14	(E) describes how the local educational agency
15	will encourage and assist schools to develop com-
16	prehensive school improvement plans that focus on
17	helping all students reach challenging content and
18	student performance standards and that address rel-
19	evant elements of the improvement plan of the local
20	educational agency identified in subparagraph (B);
21	(F) describes how the local educational agency
22	will implement specific programs aimed at ensuring
23	improvements in school readiness and the ability of
24	students to learn effectively at all grade levels by
25	identifying the most pressing needs facing students

- and their families with regard to social services,
- 2 health care, nutrition, and child care, and by enter-
- 3 ing into partnerships with public and private agen-
- 4 cies to increase the access of students and families
- 5 to coordinated services in a school setting or at a
- 6 nearby site;
- 7 (G) describes how the subgrant will be used by
- 8 the local educational agency, and the procedures to
- 9 be used to make funds available to schools in accord-
- ance with paragraph (6)(A);
- 11 (H) identifies, with an explanation, any State
- or Federal requirements that the local educational
- agency believes impede educational improvement and
- that such local educational agency requests be
- waived in accordance with section 311 (such re-
- quests shall promptly be transmitted to the Sec-
- 17 retary by the State educational agency); and
- 18 (I) contains such other information as the State
- educational agency may reasonably require.
- 20 (4) A local educational agency which has approved
- 21 a local plan shall submit such plan to the State for ap-
- 22 proval together with a description of modifications to such
- 23 plan and any comments from the local panel regarding
- 24 such plan.

- 1 (5) The panel appointed under paragraph (3)(A)
- 2 shall, after approval by the State educational agency of
- 3 the application of the local educational agency, monitor
- 4 the implementation and effectiveness of the local improve-
- 5 ment plan in close consultation with teachers, related serv-
- 6 ices personnel, principals, administrators, community
- 7 members, and parents from schools receiving funds under
- 8 this title, to determine if revisions to the local plan should
- 9 be recommended to the local educational agency. The
- 10 panel shall make public its findings.
- 11 (6)(A) A local educational agency that receives a
- 12 subgrant under this subsection shall—
- (i) in the first year, use not more than 25 per-
- cent of subgrant funds to develop a local improve-
- ment plan or to implement any local educational ac-
- 16 tivities approved by the State educational agency
- which are reasonably related to carrying out the
- State or local improvement plans, and not less than
- 19 75 percent of such funds to support individual
- school improvement initiatives directly related to
- 21 providing all students in the school the opportunity
- to meet challenging State content and student per-
- formance standards; and
- 24 (ii) in subsequent years, use subgrant funds for
- any activities approved by the State educational

- agency which are reasonably related to carrying out
- 2 the State or local improvement plans, except that at
- 3 least 85 percent of such funds shall be made avail-
- 4 able to individual schools to develop and implement
- 5 comprehensive school improvement plans which are
- 6 tailored to meet the needs of their particular student
- 7 populations and are designed to help all students
- 8 meet challenging State content standards.
- 9 (B) At least 50 percent of the funds made available
- 10 by a local educational agency to individual schools under
- 11 this section in any fiscal year shall be made available to
- 12 schools with a special need for such assistance, as indi-
- 13 cated by a high number or percentage of students from
- 14 low-income families, low student achievement, or other
- 15 similar criteria developed by the local educational agency.
- 16 (C) A local educational agency may not use more
- 17 than five percent of its annual allotment under this Act
- 18 for administrative expenses.
- 19 (7) The State educational agency shall give priority
- 20 in awarding a subgrant to—
- 21 (A) a consortium of local educational agencies;
- 22 or
- 23 (B) a local educational agency that makes as-
- surances that funds will be used to assist a consor-

- tium of schools that has developed a plan for school
- 2 improvement.
- 3 (b) Subgrants for Preservice Teacher Edu-
- 4 CATION AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVI-
- 5 TIES.—(1)(A) Each State educational agency shall make
- 6 subgrants to consortia of local educational agencies, insti-
- 7 tutions of higher education, private nonprofit organiza-
- 8 tions, or combinations thereof, consistent with subsections
- 9 (a)(1) and (b)(1) of section 308 through a competitive,
- 10 peer-reviewed process to—
- (i) improve preservice teacher education pro-
- grams consistent with the State plan, including how
- to work effectively with parents and the community;
- 14 and
- 15 (ii) support continuing, sustained professional
- development activities for educators which will in-
- crease student learning and are consistent with the
- 18 State plan.
- 19 (B)(i) In order to apply for a subgrant described in
- 20 subparagraph (A)(i), a consortium must include at least
- 21 one local educational agency and at least one institution
- 22 of higher education.
- 23 (ii) In order to apply for a subgrant described in sub-
- 24 paragraph (A)(ii), a consortium must include at least one
- 25 local educational agency.

- 1 (2) A consortium that wishes to receive a subgrant
 2 under this subsection shall submit an application to the
 3 State educational agency which—
 4 (A) describes how the applicant will use the
 - (A) describes how the applicant will use the subgrant to improve teacher preservice and school administrator education programs or to implement educator professional development activities consistent with the State plan;
 - (B) identifies the criteria to be used by the applicant to judge improvements in preservice education or the effects of professional development activities consistent with the State plan; and
 - (C) contains any other information that the State educational agency determines is appropriate.
- 15 (3) A recipient of a subgrant under this subsection 16 shall use the subgrant funds for activities supporting—
 - (A) the improvement of preservice teacher education and school administrator programs so that such programs equip educators with the subject matter and pedagogical expertise necessary for preparing all students to meet challenging standards; or
 - (B) the development and implementation of new and improved forms of continuing and sustained professional development opportunities for teachers, principals, and other educators at the school or dis-

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- 1 trict level that equip educators with such expertise,
- and with other knowledge and skills necessary for
- 3 leading and participating in continuous education
- 4 improvement.
- 5 (4) A recipient may use the subgrant funds under
- 6 this subsection for costs related to release time for teach-
- 7 ers to participate in professional development activities.
- 8 (5) Professional development shall include related
- 9 services personnel as appropriate.
- 10 (6) In awarding subgrants under this subsection, the
- 11 State educational agency shall give priority to local edu-
- 12 cational agencies that form partnerships with collegiate
- 13 educators to establish professional development school
- 14 sites.
- 15 (c) Special Award Rule.—(1) Each State edu-
- 16 cational agency shall award at least 50 percent of
- 17 subgrant funds under subsection (a) in each fiscal year
- 18 to local educational agencies that have a greater percent-
- 19 age or number of disadvantaged children than the state-
- 20 wide average percentage or number for all local edu-
- 21 cational agencies in the State.
- 22 (2) The State educational agency may waive the re-
- 23 quirement of paragraph (1) if such State does not receive
- 24 a sufficient number of applications to comply with such
- 25 requirement.

SEC. 310. AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION AND TRAINING.

- 2 (a) Information and Training.—Proportionate to
- 3 the number of children in a State or in a local educational
- 4 agency who are enrolled in private elementary or second-
- 5 ary schools—
- 6 (1) a State educational agency or local edu-
- 7 cational agency which uses funds under this title to
- 8 develop goals, content standards, curricular mate-
- 9 rials, and assessments shall, upon request, make in-
- formation related to such goals, standards, mate-
- rials, and assessments available to private schools;
- 12 and
- 13 (2) a State educational agency or local edu-
- cational agency which uses funds under this title for
- teacher and administrator training shall provide in
- its plan for the training of teachers and administra-
- tors in private schools located in the geographical
- area served by such agency.
- 19 (b) WAIVER.—If, by reason of any provision of law,
- 20 a State or local educational agency is prohibited from pro-
- 21 viding for the equitable participation of teachers and ad-
- 22 ministrators from private schools in training programs as-
- 23 sisted with Federal funds provided under this title, or if
- 24 the Secretary determines that a State or local educational
- 25 agency has substantially failed or is unwilling to provide
- 26 for such participation, the Secretary shall waive such re-

- quirements and shall arrange for the provision of training consistent with State goals and content standards for such teachers and administrators. Such waivers shall be subject to consultation, withholding, notice, and judicial review in accordance with section 1017 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965. SEC. 311. WAIVERS OF STATUTORY AND REGULATORY RE-8 QUIREMENTS. (a) GENERAL.—(1) Except as provided in subsection 9 10 (c), the Secretary may waive any requirement of any statute listed in subsection (b) or of the regulations issued under such statute for a State educational agency, local educational agency, or school that requests such a waiv-14 er— 15 (A) if, and only to the extent that, the Sec-16 retary determines that such requirement impedes the 17 ability of the State, or of a local educational agency 18 or school in the State, to carry out the State or local 19 education improvement plan; 20 (B) if the State educational agency has waived, 21 or agrees to waive, similar requirements of State 22 law; and
- 23 (C) if, in the case of a Statewide waiver, the 24 State educational agency—

1	(i) provides all local educational agencies
2	and parent organizations in the State with no-
3	tice and an opportunity to comment on the pro-
4	posal of the State educational agency to seek a
5	waiver; and
6	(ii) submits the comments of such agencies
7	to the Secretary.
8	(2) To request a waiver, a State educational agency,
9	local educational agency, or school that receives funds
10	under this Act or a local educational agency that does not
11	receive funds under this Act but is undertaking school re-
12	form efforts that meet the objectives of the State plan,
13	shall submit an application to the Secretary that in-
14	cludes—
15	(A) the identification of statutory or regulatory
16	requirements that are requested to be waived and
17	the goals that the State local educational agency or
18	school intends to achieve;
19	(B) a description of the action that the State
20	has undertaken to remove State statutory or regu-
21	latory barriers identified in the applications of local
22	educational agencies;
23	(C) a description of the goals of the waiver and
24	the expected programmatic outcomes if the request
25	is granted;

(D) the numbers and types of students to be 1 impacted by such waiver; 2 3 (E) a timetable for implementing a waiver; and 4 (F) the process the State will use to monitor, 5 on a biannual basis, the progress in implementing a 6 waiver. 7 (3) The Secretary shall act promptly on a waiver re-8 quest and state in writing the reasons for granting or denying such request. If a waiver is granted, the Secretary must also include the expected outcome of granting such 10 11 waiver. 12 (4) The Secretary's decision shall be— (A) published in the Federal Register; and 13 14 (B) disseminated by the State educational agency to interested parties, including educators, par-15 16 ents, students, advocacy and civil rights organiza-17 tions, other interested parties, and the public. 18 (5) Each such waiver shall be for a period not to exceed three years. The Secretary may extend such period 19 if the Secretary determines that the waiver has been effective in enabling the State or affected local educational 21 22 agencies to carry out reform plans. 23 (b) INCLUDED PROGRAMS.—The statutes subject to the waiver authority of this section are as follows:

1	(1) Chapter 1 of title I of the Elementary and
2	Secondary Education Act of 1965.
3	(2) Part A of chapter 2 of title I of the Elemen-
4	tary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.
5	(3) The Dwight D. Eisenhower Mathematics
6	and Science Education Act (part A of title II of the
7	Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965).
8	(4) The Emergency Immigrant Education Act
9	of 1984 (part D of title IV of the Elementary and
10	Secondary Education Act of 1965).
11	(5) The Drug-Free Schools and Communities
12	Act of 1986 (title V of the Elementary and Second-
13	ary Education Act of 1965).
14	(6) The Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied
15	Technology Education Act.
16	(c) Waivers Not Authorized.—The Secretary
17	may not waive any statutory or regulatory requirement of
18	the programs listed in subsection (b) relating to—
19	(1) maintenance of effort;
20	(2) comparability of services;
21	(3) the equitable participation of students and
22	professional staff in private schools;
23	(4) parental participation and involvement; or
24	(5) the distribution of funds to State or to local
25	educational agencies

1	(d) TERMINATION OF WAIVERS.—The Secretary
2	shall periodically review the performance of any State,
3	local educational agency, or school for which the Secretary
4	has granted a waiver and shall terminate the waiver if the
5	performance of the State, the local educational agency, or
6	the school in the area affected by the waiver has been in-
7	adequate to justify a continuation of the waiver.
8	SEC. 312. PROGRESS REPORTS.
9	(a) STATE REPORTS TO THE SECRETARY.—Each
10	State educational agency that receives funds under this
11	title shall annually report to the Secretary regarding—
12	(1) progress in meeting State goals and plans
13	(2) proposed State activities for the succeeding
14	year; and
15	(3) in summary form, the progress of local edu-
16	cational agencies in meeting local goals and plans
17	and increasing student learning.
18	(b) Secretary's Reports to Congress.—By
19	April 30, 1996, and every two years thereafter, the Sec-
20	retary shall submit a report to the Committee on Edu-
21	cation and Labor of the House of Representatives and the
22	Committee on Labor and Human Resources of the Senate
23	describing the activities and outcomes of grants under-
24	(1) section 220 of this Act, including—

1	(A) a description of the purpose, uses, and
2	technical merit of assessments evaluated with
3	funds under such section; and
4	(B) an analysis of the impact of such as-
5	sessments on the performance of all students
6	particularly students of different racial, gender
7	ethnic, language groups, or individuals with dis-
8	abilities; and
9	(2) this title, including a description of the ef-
10	fect of waivers granted under section 311.
11	SEC. 313. NATIONAL LEADERSHIP.
12	(a) ACTIVITIES AUTHORIZED.—From funds reserved
13	each year under section 304(a)(2)(A), the Secretary shall
14	through the Office of Educational Research and Improve-
15	ment in accordance with the provisions of sections 405 and
16	406 of the General Education Provisions Act, directly or
17	through grants or contracts—
18	(1) provide technical assistance to States and
19	local educational agencies developing or implement-
20	ing school improvement plans, in a manner that en-
21	sures that each such State has access to such assist-
22	ance;
23	(2) gather data on, conduct research on, and
24	evaluate systemic education improvement, including
25	the programs authorized by this title;

- 1 (3) disseminate research findings and other in-2 formation on systemic education improvement and 3 how it affects student learning;
 - (4) provide grants to tribal divisions of education for coordination efforts between school reform plans developed for schools funded by the Bureau of Indian Affairs and public schools described in section 306(g)(5), including tribal activities in support of plans; and
 - (5) support national demonstration projects that unite local and State educational agencies, institutions of higher education, government, business, and labor in collaborative arrangements in order to make educational improvements systemwide.
- (b) RESERVATION OF FUNDS.—(1) The Secretary shall use at least 50 percent of the funds reserved each year under section 304(a)(2)(A) to make grants, consistent with the provisions of section 309(a) that the Secretary finds appropriate, and provide technical and other assistance to urban and rural local educational agencies with large numbers or concentrations of students who are economically disadvantaged or who have limited English proficiency, to assist such agencies in developing and implementing local school improvement plans.

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1 (2) The Secretary shall use not less than \$1,000,00	(2) The	Secretary sh	all use not	less than	\$1,000,00
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- 2 of the funds reserved the first year under section
- 3 304(a)(2)(A) to survey coordinated services programs that
- 4 have been found to be successful in helping students and
- 5 families and improving student outcomes, and shall dis-
- 6 seminate information about such programs to schools that
- 7 plan to develop coordinated services programs.
- 8 SEC. 314. ASSISTANCE TO THE OUTLYING AREAS AND TO
- 9 THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.
- 10 (a) OUTLYING AREAS.—(1) Funds reserved for outly-
- 11 ing areas under section 304(a)(1)(A) shall be distributed
- 12 among such areas by the Secretary according to relative
- 13 need.
- 14 (2) The provisions of Public Law 95–134, permitting
- 15 the consolidation of grants to the insular areas, shall not
- 16 apply to funds received by such areas under this title.
- 17 (b) SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.—
- 18 (1) IN GENERAL.—The funds reserved to the
- 19 Secretary of the Interior under section 304 shall be
- 20 made in a payment which shall be pursuant to an
- agreement between the Secretary and the Secretary
- of the Interior containing such assurances and terms
- as the Secretary determines shall best achieve the
- provisions of this section and this Act. The agree-

1	ment shall, at a minimum, contain assurances
2	that—
3	(A) a panel, as set forth in paragraph (4)
4	of this subsection, shall be established;
5	(B) a reform and improvement plan, de-
6	signed to increase student learning and assist
7	students in meeting the National Education
8	Goals, meeting the requirements pertaining to
9	State improvement plans required in section
10	306 and providing for the fundamental restruc-
11	turing and improvement of elementary and sec-
12	ondary education in schools funded by the Bu-
13	reau, shall be developed by such panel; and
14	(C) the provisions and activities required
15	under State improvement plans, including the
16	requirements for timetables for opportunity-to-
17	learn standards, shall be carried out in the
18	same time frames and under the same condi-
19	tions stipulated for the States in sections 305
20	and 306, provided that for these purposes, the
21	term 'local educational agencies' shall be inter-
22	preted to mean 'schools funded by the Bureau'.
23	(2) VOLUNTARY SUBMISSION.—The provisions
24	applicable to the States in section 213 of this Act
25	shall apply to the Bureau plan with regard to vol-

- untary submission of standards and assessment systems to the National Education Standards and Improvement Council for review and certification.
 - (3) PLAN SPECIFICS.—The reform and improvement plan shall include, in addition to the requirements referenced above, specific provisions for—
 - (A) opportunity to learn standards pertaining to residential programs and transportation costs associated with programs located on or near reservations or serving students in off-reservation residential boarding schools;
 - (B) review and incorporation of the National Education Goals and the voluntary national content, student performance, and opportunity-to-learn standards developed under part B of title II of this Act, provided that such review shall include the issues of cultural and language differences; and
 - (C) provision for coordination of the efforts of the Bureau with the efforts for school improvement of the States and local educational agencies in which the schools funded by the Bureau are located, to include, but not be limited

1	to, the development of the partnerships outlined
2	in section $306(g)(5)$ of the Act.
3	(4) PANEL.—To carry out the provisions of this
4	section, and to develop the plan for system-wide re-
5	form and improvement required under the agree-
6	ment required under paragraph (1), the Secretary of
7	the Interior shall establish a panel coordinated by
8	the Assistant Secretary of the Interior for Indian
9	Affairs. Such panel shall consist of—
10	(A) the Director of the Office of Indian
11	Education Programs of the Bureau of Indian
12	Affairs and two heads of other divisions of such
13	Bureau as the Assistant Secretary shall des-
14	ignate;
15	(B) a designee of the Secretary of Edu-
16	cation; and
17	(C) a representative nominated by each of
18	the following:
19	(i) The organization representing the
20	majority of teachers and professional per-
21	sonnel in schools operated by the Bureau.
22	(ii) The organization representing the
23	majority of nonteaching personnel in
24	schools operated by the Bureau, if not the
25	same organization as in clause (i).

1	(iii) School administrators of schools
2	operated by the Bureau.
3	(iv) Education line officers located in
4	Bureau area or agency offices serving
5	schools funded by the Bureau.
6	(v) The organization representing the
7	majority of contract or grant schools fund-
8	ed by the Bureau not serving students on
9	the Navajo reservation.
10	(vi) The organization representing the
11	majority of contract or grant schools fund-
12	ed by the Bureau serving students on the
13	Navajo reservation.
14	(vii) The organization representing
15	the school boards required by statute for
16	schools operated by the Bureau not serving
17	students on the Navajo reservation.
18	(viii) The organization representing
19	the school boards required by statute for
20	schools funded by the Bureau serving stu-
21	dents on the Navajo reservation.
22	Including the additional members required by para-
23	graph (5), a majority of the members of such panel
24	shall be from the entities designated under subpara-
25	graph (C).

(5) Additional members.—In addition, the
members of the panel stipulated above shall des-
ignate for full membership four additional mem-
bers—

- (A) one of whom shall be a representative of a national organization which represents primarily national Indian education concerns; and
- (B) three of whom shall be chairpersons (or their designees) of Indian tribes with schools funded by the Bureau on their reservations (other than those specifically represented by organizations referred to in paragraph (4)), provided that preference for no less than two of these members shall be given to Indian tribes with a significant number of schools funded by the Bureau on their reservations, or with a significant percentage of their children enrolled in schools funded by the Bureau.

(c) BIA COST ANALYSIS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—(A) The Secretary of the Interior shall reserve from the first allotment made to the Department of the Interior pursuant to section 304 an amount not to exceed \$500,000 to provide, through the National Academy of Sciences, for an analysis of the costs associated with meeting the

academic and home-living/residential standards of the Bureau of Indian Affairs for each school funded by such Bureau. The purpose of such analysis shall be to provide the Bureau and the Panel with baseline data regarding the current state of operations funded by the Bureau and to provide a framework for addressing the implementation of opportunity-tolearn standards.

- (B) The results of such analysis shall be reported, in aggregate and school specific form, to the chairpersons and ranking minority members of the Committees on Education and Labor and Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Indian Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and to the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Education (who shall transmit the report to the proper entities under this Act), and the Assistant Secretary of the Interior for Indian Affairs, not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act.
- (2) Content.—Such analysis shall evaluate the costs of providing a program in each school for the next succeeding academic year and shall be based on—

1	(A) the standards either published in the
2	Federal Register as having effect in schools op-
3	erated by the Bureau on the date of enactment
4	of this Act or the standards incorporated into
5	each grant or contract in effect on such date
6	with a tribally controlled school funded under
7	section 1128 of Public Law 95-561 (as amend-
8	ed);
9	(B) the best projections of student counts
10	and demographics, as provided by the Bureau
11	and as independently reviewed by the Academy
12	and
13	(C) the pay and benefit schedules and
14	other personnel requirements for each school
15	operated by the Bureau, as existing on the date
16	of enactment.
17	(d) SECRETARY OF DEFENSE.—The Secretary shall
18	consult with the Secretary of Defense to ensure that, to
19	the extent practicable, the purposes of this title are applied
20	to the Department of Defense schools.
21	TITLE IV—NATIONAL SKILL
22	STANDARDS BOARD
23	SEC. 401. PURPOSE.
24	It is the purpose of this title to establish a National
2.5	Board to serve as a catalyst in stimulating the develop-

- 1 ment and adoption of a voluntary national system of skill2 standards and certification that will serve as a cornerstone
- 3 of the national strategy to enhance workforce skills, and
- 4 that can be used, consistent with Federal civil rights
- 5 laws—

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- 6 (1) by the Nation, to ensure the development of 7 a high skills, high quality, high performance 8 workforce, including the most skilled front-line 9 workforce in the world, and that will result in in-10 creased productivity, economic growth and American
- economic competitiveness;
 - (2) by industries, as a vehicle for informing training providers and prospective employees of skills necessary for employment;
 - (3) by employers, to assist in evaluating the skill levels of prospective employees and to assist in the training of current employees;
 - (4) by labor organizations, to enhance the employment security of workers by providing portable credentials and skills;
 - (5) by workers, to obtain certifications of their skills to protect against dislocation, to pursue career advancement, and to enhance their ability to reenter the workforce:

1	(6) by students and entry level workers, to de-
2	termine the skill levels and competencies needed to
3	be obtained in order to compete effectively for high
4	wage jobs;
5	(7) by training providers and educators, to de-
6	termine appropriate training services to offer;
7	(8) by Government, to evaluate whether pub-
8	licly-funded training assists participants to meet
9	skill standards where they exist and thereby protect
10	the integrity of public expenditures;
11	(9) to facilitate the transition to high perform-
12	ance work organizations;
13	(10) to increase opportunities for minorities
14	and women, including removing barriers to the entry
15	of women in non-traditional employment; and
16	(11) to facilitate linkages between other compo-
17	nents of the workforce investment strategy, includ-
18	ing school-to-work transition, secondary and post-
19	secondary vocational-technical education, and job
20	training programs.
21	SEC. 402. ESTABLISHMENT OF NATIONAL BOARD.
22	(a) In General.—There is established a National
23	Skill Standards Board (in this title referred to as the
24	"National Board")

(b) Composition.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The National Board shall be
2	composed of 28 members, appointed in accordance
3	with paragraph (3), of whom—
4	(A) one member shall be the Secretary of
5	Labor;
6	(B) one member shall be the Secretary of
7	Education;
8	(C) one member shall be the Secretary of
9	Commerce;
10	(D) one member shall be the Chairperson
11	of the National Education Standards and Im-
12	provement Council established pursuant to sec-
13	tion 212(a);
14	(E) eight members shall be representatives
15	of small and large business and industry se-
16	lected from among individuals recommended by
17	recognized national business organizations and
18	trade associations;
19	(F) eight members shall be representatives
20	of organized labor selected from among individ-
21	uals recommended by recognized national labor
22	federations; and
23	(G) eight members shall be representatives
24	from the following groups, with at least one
25	member from each group:

1	(i) Educational institutions.
2	(ii) Community-based organizations.
3	(iii) State and local governments.
4	(iv) Nongovernmental organizations
5	with a demonstrated history of successfully
6	protecting the rights of racial, ethnic and
7	religious minorities, women, persons with
8	disabilities or older persons.
9	(2) DIVERSITY REQUIREMENTS.—The members
10	described in subparagraph (G) of paragraph (1)
11	shall have expertise in the area of education and
12	training. The members described in subparagraphs
13	(E), (F), and (G) of paragraph (1) shall—
14	(A) in the aggregate, represent a broad
15	cross-section of occupations and industries; and
16	(B) to the extent feasible, be geographi-
17	cally representative of the United States and re-
18	flect the racial, ethnic and gender diversity of
19	the United States.
20	(3) Appointment.—The membership of the
21	National Board shall be appointed as follows:
22	(A) Twelve members (four from each class
23	of members described in subparagraphs (E),
24	(F), and (G) of paragraph (1)) shall be ap-
25	pointed by the President.

(B) Six members (two from each class of 1 2 members described in subparagraphs (E), (F), and (G) of paragraph (1)) shall be appointed by 3 the Speaker of the House of Representatives, of 4 whom three members (one from each class of 5 6 members described in subparagraphs (E), (F), and (G) of paragraph (1)) shall be selected 7 from recommendations made by the Majority 8 Leader of the House of Representatives and 9 three members (one from each class of members 10 described in subparagraphs (E), (F), and (G) of paragraph (1)) shall be selected from rec-12 13 ommendations made by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives. 14

> (C) Six members (two from each class of members described in subparagraphs (E), (F), and (G) of paragraph (1)) shall be appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate, of whom three members (one from each class of members described in subparagraphs (E), (F), and (G) of paragraph (1)) shall be selected from recommendations made by the Majority Leader of the Senate and three members (one from each class of members described in subparagraphs (E), (F), and (G) of paragraph (1))

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1	shall be selected from recommendations made
2	by the Minority Leader of the Senate.
3	(4) Term.—Each member of the National
4	Board appointed under subparagraphs (E), (F), and
5	(G) of paragraph (1) shall be appointed for a term
6	of 4 years, except that of the initial members of the
7	Board appointed under such paragraph—
8	(A) twelve members shall be appointed for
9	a term of 3 years (four from each class of mem-
10	bers described in subparagraphs (E), (F), and
11	(G) of paragraph (1)), of whom—
12	(i) two from each class shall be ap-
13	pointed in accordance with paragraph
14	(3)(A);
15	(ii) one from each such class shall be
16	appointed in accordance with paragraph
17	(3)(B); and
18	(iii) 1 from each such class shall be
19	appointed in accordance with paragraph
20	(3)(C); and
21	(B) twelve members shall be appointed for
22	a term of 4 years (four from each class of mem-
23	bers described in subparagraphs (E), (F), and
24	(G) of paragraph (1)), of whom—

1	(i) two from each such class shall be
2	appointed in accordance with paragraph
3	(3)(A);
4	(ii) one from each such class shall be
5	appointed in accordance with paragraph
6	(3)(B); and
7	(iii) one from each such class shall be
8	appointed in accordance with paragraph
9	(3)(C).
10	(c) Chairperson and Vice Chairpersons.—
11	(1) Chairperson.—The National Board shall
12	biennially elect a Chairperson from among the mem-
13	bers of the National Board by a majority vote of
14	such members.
15	(2) VICE CHAIRPERSONS.—The National Board
16	shall annually elect 3 Vice Chairpersons (each rep-
17	resenting a different class of the classes of members
18	described in subparagraphs (E), (F), and (G) of
19	subsection (b)(1)) from among its members ap-
20	pointed under subsection (b)(3) by a majority vote
21	of such members, each of whom shall serve for a
22	term of 1 year.
23	(d) Compensation and Expenses.—
24	(1) Compensation.—Members of the National
25	Board who are not regular full-time employees or of-

- ficers of the Federal Government shall serve without compensation.
- 3 (2) EXPENSES.—The members of the National
 4 Board shall receive travel expenses, including per
 5 diem in lieu of subsistence, in accordance with sub6 chapter I of chapter 57, title 5, United States Code,
 7 while away from their homes or regular places of
 8 business in the performance of services for the Na19 tional Board.
- 10 (e) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR AND STAFF.—The Chair11 person of the National Board shall appoint an Executive
 12 Director, who shall be compensated at a rate determined
 13 by the National Board that shall not exceed the rate of
 14 pay for level V of the Executive Schedule under section
 15 5316 of title 5, United States Code, and who shall appoint
 16 such staff as is necessary in accordance with title 5, Unit17 ed States Code. Such staff shall include at least one indi18 vidual with expertise in measurement and assessment.

(f) AGENCY SUPPORT.—

20 (1) USE OF FACILITIES.—The National Board 21 may use the research, equipment, services and facili-22 ties of any agency or instrumentality of the United 23 States with the consent of such agency or instru-24 mentality.

1	(2) Staff of federal agencies.—Upon the	
2	request of the National Board, the head of any de-	
3	partment or agency of the United States may detail	
4	to the National Board, on a reimbursable basis, any	
5	of the personnel of such department or agency to as-	
6	sist the National Board in carrying out this title.	
7	(g) Conflict of Interest.—An individual who has	
8	served as a member of the National Board may not have	
9	any financial interest in an assessment and certification	
10	system developed or endorsed under this title for a period	
11	of three years after the termination of service of such indi-	
12	vidual from the National Board.	
13	SEC. 403. FUNCTIONS OF THE NATIONAL BOARD.	
14	(a) Identification of Occupational Clus-	
15	TERS.—	
16	(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2),	
17	the National Board, after extensive public review	
18	and comment and study of the national labor mar-	
19	ket, shall identify broad clusters of major occupa-	
20	tions that involve one or more than one industry in	
21	the United States.	
22	(2) Procedures for identification.—Prior	
23	to identifying broad clusters of major occupations	
24	under paragraph (1), the National Board shall—	

1	(A) develop procedures for the identifica-
2	tion of such clusters;
3	(B) publish such procedures in the Federal
4	Register; and
5	(C) allow for extensive public review of and
6	comment on such procedures.
7	(b) Voluntary Partnerships to Develop
8	Standards.—
9	(1) IN GENERAL.—For each of the occupational
10	clusters identified pursuant to subsection (a), the
11	National Board shall encourage and facilitate the es-
12	tablishment of voluntary partnerships to develop a
13	skill standards system in accordance with subsection
14	(d).
15	(2) Representatives.—Such voluntary part-
16	nerships shall include the full and balanced partici-
17	pation of—
18	(A) representatives of business and indus-
19	try who have expertise in the area of workforce
20	skill requirements, including representatives of
21	large and small employers, recommended by na-
22	tional business organizations and trade associa-
23	tions representing employers in the occupation
24	or industry for which a standard is being devel-
25	oped, and representatives of trade associations

1	that have received demonstration grants from
2	the Department of Labor or the Department of
3	Education to establish skill standards prior to
4	the enactment of this title;
5	(B) employee representatives who have ex-
6	pertise in the area of workforce skill require-
7	ments and who shall be-
8	(i) individuals recommended by recog-
9	nized national labor organizations rep-
10	resenting employees in the occupation or
11	industry for which a standard is being de-
12	veloped; and
13	(ii) such other individuals who are
14	nonmanagerial employees with significant
15	experience and tenure in such occupation
16	or industry as are appropriate given the
17	nature and structure of employment in the
18	occupation or industry;
19	(C) representatives of—
20	(i) educational institutions;
21	(ii) community-based organizations;
22	(iii) State and local agencies with ad-
23	ministrative control or direction over edu-
24	cation, vocational-technical education, or
25	employment and training;

1	(iv) other policy development organi-
2	zations with expertise in the area of
3	workforce skill requirements; and
4	(v) non-governmental organizations
5	with a demonstrated history of successfully
6	protecting the rights of racial, ethnic, and
7	religious minorities, women, individuals
8	with disabilities, and older persons; and
9	(D) individuals with expertise in measure-
10	ment and assessment, including relevant experi-
11	ence in designing unbiased assessments and
12	performance-based assessments.
13	(3) Experts.—The partnerships described in
14	paragraph (1) may also include such other individ-
15	uals who are independent, qualified experts in their
16	fields.
17	(c) Research, Dissemination, and Coordina-
18	TION.—In order to support the development of a skill
19	standards system in accordance with subsection (d), the
20	National Board shall—
21	(1) conduct workforce research relating to skill
22	standards (including research relating to how to use
23	skill standards in compliance with civil rights laws)
24	and make such research available to the public, in-
25	cluding the partnerships described in subsection (b);

- (2) identify and maintain a catalog of skill standards used by other countries and by States and leading firms and industries in the United States;
- (3) serve as a clearinghouse to facilitate the sharing of information on the development of skill standards and other relevant information among representatives of occupations and industries identified pursuant to subsection (a), the voluntary partnerships recognized pursuant to subsection (b), and among education and training providers through such mechanisms as the Capacity Building and Information and Dissemination Network established under section 453(b) of the Job Training Partnership Act;
 - (4) develop a common nomenclature relating to skill standards;
 - (5) encourage the development and adoption of curricula and training materials for attaining the skill standards developed pursuant to subsection (d) that include structured work experiences and related study programs leading to progressive levels of professional and technical certification and postsecondary education;
 - (6) provide appropriate technical assistance; and

1	(7) facilitate coordination among voluntary
2	partnerships that meet the requirements of sub-
3	section (b) to promote the development of a coherent
4	national system of voluntary skill standards.
5	(d) Endorsement of Skill Standards Sys-
6	TEMS.—
7	(1) Development of endorsement cri-
8	TERIA.—
9	(A) IN GENERAL.—The National Board,
10	after extensive public consultation, shall develop
11	objective criteria for endorsing skills standards
12	systems relating to the occupational clusters
13	identified pursuant to subsection (a). Such cri-
14	teria shall, at a minimum, include the compo-
15	nents of a skill standards system described in
16	subparagraph (B). The endorsement criteria
17	shall be published in the Federal Register, and
18	updated as appropriate.
19	(B) COMPONENTS OF SYSTEM.—The com-
20	ponents of a skill standards systems shall in-
21	clude the following:
22	(i) Voluntary skill standards, which at
23	a minimum—
24	(I) meet or exceed, to the extent
25	practicable, the highest standards

1	used in other countries and the high-
2	est international standards;
3	(II) take into account content
4	and performance standards certified
5	pursuant to title II;
6	(III) take into account the re-
7	quirements of high performance work
8	organizations;
9	(IV) are in a form that allows for
10	regular updating to take into account
11	advances in technology or other devel-
12	opments within the occupational clus-
13	ter;
14	(V) are formulated in such a
15	manner that promotes the portability
16	of credentials and facilitates worker
17	mobility within an occupational clus-
18	ter or industry and among industries;
19	and
20	(VI) are not discriminatory with
21	respect to race, color, gender, age, re-
22	ligion, ethnicity, disability, or national
23	origin, consistent with Federal civil
24	rights laws.

1	(ii) A voluntary assessment system
2	and certification of the attainment of skill
3	standards developed pursuant to subpara-
4	graph (A), which at a minimum—
5	(I) takes into account, to the ex-
6	tent practicable, methods of assess-
7	ment and certification used in other
8	countries;
9	(II) utilizes a variety of evalua-
10	tion techniques, including, where ap-
11	propriate, oral and written evalua-
12	tions, portfolio assessments and per-
13	formance tests; and
14	(III) includes methods for estab-
15	lishing that the assessment and cer-
16	tification system is not discriminatory
17	with respect to race, color, gender,
18	age, religion, ethnicity, disability, or
19	national origin, consistent with Fed-
20	eral civil rights laws.
21	(iii) A system to promote the use of
22	and to disseminate information relating to
23	skill standards, and assessment and certifi-
24	cation systems developed pursuant to this
25	paragraph (including dissemination of in-

formation relating to civil rights laws relevant to the use of such standards and systems) to entities such as institutions of postsecondary education offering professional and technical education, labor organizations, trade associations, employers providing formalized training and other organizations likely to benefit from such systems.

- (iv) A system to evaluate the implementation of the skill standards, and assessment and certification systems developed pursuant to this paragraph, and the effectiveness of the information disseminated pursuant to subparagraph (C) for informing the users of such standards and systems of the requirements of relevant civil rights laws.
- (v) A system to periodically revise and update the skill standards, and assessment and certification systems developed pursuant to this paragraph, which will take into account changes in standards in other countries.

1	(2) Endorsement.—The National Board,
2	after extensive public review and comment, shall en-
3	dorse those skill standards systems relating to the
4	occupational clusters identified pursuant to sub-
5	section (a) that—
6	(A) meet the objective endorsement criteria
7	that are developed pursuant to paragraph (1);
8	and
9	(B) are submitted by partnerships that
10	meet the representation requirements of sub-
11	section (b)(2).
12	(e) Limitations.—
13	(1) In general.—(A) Except as provided in
14	subparagraph (B), the National Board shall not
15	carry out the requirements of subsection (b) or (d)
16	with respect to an occupation or trade within an in-
17	dustry for which national apprenticeship stand-
18	ards—
19	(i) have been jointly developed by labor
20	and management representatives,
21	(ii) are registered pursuant to the National
22	Apprenticeship Act,
23	(iii) are being actively used on a national
24	basis for training workers in such occupation or
25	trade,

- (iv) are in a form that allows for regular updating to take into account advances in technology, the highest standards used in other countries, and the highest international standards, and
 - (v) are not discriminatory with respect to race, color, gender, age, religion, ethnicity, disability, or national origin, consistent with Federal civil rights laws,

unless labor and management representatives of such occupation or trade within such industry and representatives of registered apprenticeship programs for such occupation or trade within such industry jointly request the assistance of the National Board.

(B) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (A), the National Board may carry out the requirements of subsections (b) and (d) with respect to any occupational cluster if the skill standards system to be developed or endorsed for such occupational cluster is not designed specifically for the particular occupation or trade within the particular industry for which apprenticeship standards meeting the requirements of subparagraph (A) are applicable.

1	(2) Relationship with antidiscrimination
2	LAWS.—
3	(A) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this title
4	shall be construed to modify or affect any Fed-
5	eral or State law prohibiting discrimination on
6	the basis of race, religion, color, ethnicity, na-
7	tional origin, gender, age, or disability.
8	(B) EVIDENCE.—The endorsement or ab-
9	sence of an endorsement by the Board of a skill
10	standard or assessment and certification system
11	under subsection (d) shall not be used in any
12	action or proceeding to establish that the skill
13	standard or assessment and certification system
14	conforms or does not conform to the require-
15	ments of civil rights laws.
16	(f) Coordination With Education Standards.—
17	The National Board shall establish cooperative arrange-
18	ments with the National Education Standards and Im-
19	provement Council to promote the coordination of the de-
20	velopment of skill standards under this title with the devel-
21	opment of content and performance standards under title
22	II.
23	(g) Financial Assistance.—
24	(1) IN GENERAL.—From funds appropriated
25	pursuant to section 406(a), the Secretary of Labor

may award grants (including grants to the voluntary partnerships in accordance with paragraph (2)) and enter into contracts and cooperative arrangements that are requested by the National Board for the purposes of carrying out this title.

- (2) Grant programs for voluntary partnerships.—
 - (A) ELIGIBILITY AND APPLICATION.—Voluntary partnerships that meet the requirements of subsection (b) shall be eligible to apply for a grant under this subsection. Each such voluntary partnership desiring a grant shall submit an application to the National Board at such time, in such manner, and accompanied by such information as the National Board may reasonably require.
 - (B) REVIEW AND RECOMMENDATION.—
 The National Board shall review each application submitted pursuant to subparagraph (A) in accordance with the objective criteria published pursuant to subparagraph (C) and shall forward each such application to the Secretary of Labor accompanied by a recommendation for the approval or disapproval of each such application by the Secretary.

1	(C) Criteria for review.—Prior to each
2	fiscal year, the National Board shall publish ob-
3	jective criteria to be used by the Board in re-
4	viewing applications under subparagraph (B).
5	(3) Limitation on the use of funds.—
6	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not more than 20 per-
7	cent of the funds appropriated under section
8	406(a) for each fiscal year shall be used by the
9	National Board for the costs of administration
10	(B) Costs of administration de-
11	FINED.—For purposes of this paragraph, the
12	term "costs of administration" means costs re-
13	lating to staff, supplies, equipment, space, trav-
14	el and per diem, costs of conducting meetings
15	and conferences, and other related costs.
16	SEC. 404. DEADLINES.
17	Not later than December 31, 1996, the National
18	Board shall—
19	(1) identify occupational clusters pursuant to
20	section 403(a) representing a substantial portion of
21	the workforce; and
22	(2) promote the development of an initial set of
23	skill standards in accordance with section 403(d) for
24	such clusters.

1 SEC. 405. REPORTS.

- 2 The National Board shall submit to the President
- 3 and the Congress in each fiscal year a report on the activi-
- 4 ties conducted under this title, including the extent to
- 5 which skill standards have been adopted by employers,
- 6 training providers, and other entities and the effectiveness
- 7 of such standards in accomplishing the purposes described
- 8 in section 401.

9 SEC. 406. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 10 (a) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appro-
- 11 priated \$15,000,000 for fiscal year 1994 and such sums
- 12 as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 1995
- 13 through 1998 to carry out this title.
- 14 (b) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts appropriated pursuant
- 15 to subsection (a) shall remain available until expended.
- 16 SEC. 407. DEFINITIONS.
- For purposes of this title, the following definitions
- 18 apply:
- 19 (1) COMMUNITY-BASED ORGANIZATIONS.—The
- term "community-based organizations" means such
- organizations as defined in section 4(5) of the Job
- 22 Training Partnership Act.
- 23 (2) EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION.—The term
- "educational institution" means a high school, a vo-
- cational school, and an institution of higher edu-
- 26 cation.

1 (3) SKILL STANDARD.—The term "skill stand-2 ard" means the level of knowledge and competence 3 required to successfully perform work-related func-4 tions within an occupational cluster.

TITLE V—MISCELLANEOUS

6 SEC. 501. DEFINITIONS.

- As used in this Act—
 - (1) the terms "all students" and "all children" mean students or children from a broad range of backgrounds and circumstances, including disadvantaged students, students with diverse racial, ethnic, and cultural backgrounds, American Indians, Alaska Natives, Native Hawaiians, students with disabilities, students with limited-English proficiency, migrant children, school-aged children who have dropped out, migrant children, and academically talented students;
 - (2) the term "assessment system" means measures of student performance which include at least 1 test, and may include other measures of student performance, for a specific purpose and use which are intended to evaluate the progress of all students in the State toward learning the material in State content standards in 1 or more subject areas;

- (3) the terms "community", "public", and "advocacy group" are to be interpreted to include representatives of organizations advocating for the education of American Indian, Alaska Native, and Native Hawaiian children and Indian tribes;
 - (4) the term "content standards" means broad descriptions of the knowledge and skills students should acquire in a particular subject area;
 - (5) the term "Governor" means the chief executive of the State:
 - (6) the terms "local educational agency" and "State educational agency" have the meaning given those terms in section 1471 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965;
 - (7) the term "opportunity-to-learn standards" means the criteria for, and the basis of, assessing the sufficiency or quality of the resources, practices, and conditions necessary at each level of the education system (schools, local educational agencies, and States) to provide all students with an opportunity to learn the material in national or State content standards.
 - (8) the term "outlying areas" means Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and Palau

- 1 (until the effective date of the Compact of Free Association with the Government of Palau);
 - (9) the term "performance standards" means concrete examples and explicit definitions of what students have to know and be able to do to demonstrate that they are proficient in the skills and knowledge framed by content standards;
 - (10) the term "related services" has the same meaning given such term under section 602(17) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act;
 - (11) the term "school" means a school that is under the authority of the State educational agency and a local educational agency or, for the purpose of carrying out section 314(b), a school that is operated or funded by the Bureau of Indian Affairs;
 - (12) the term "Secretary", except where used in title IV, means the Secretary of Education; and
- 18 (13) except as otherwise provided, the term 19 "State" means each of the 50 States, the District of 20 Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and 21 each of the outlying areas.

22 SEC. 502. LIMITATIONS.

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23 (a) ASSESSMENTS.—No funds provided under titles 24 II or III of this Act shall be used to undertake assess-25 ments that will be used to make decisions regarding the

1	graduation, grade promotion, or retention of students for
2	five years after the date of enactment of this Act.
3	(b) Public School.—Nothing in this Act shall be
4	construed to authorize the use of funds under title III (ex-
5	cept as provided in section 310) to directly or indirectly
6	benefit any school other than a public school.
7	SEC. 503. ASSESSMENT OF EDUCATIONAL PROGRESS AC-
8	TIVITIES.
9	Section 421(h) of the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and
10	Applied Technology Education Act (20 U.S.C. 2421(h))
11	is amended—
12	(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(h)"; and
13	(2) by inserting at the end the following:
14	"(2)(A) Notwithstanding any provision of section 406
15	of the General Education Provisions Act, the Commis-
16	sioner of Education Statistics may authorize a State edu-
17	cational agency or a consortium of such agencies to use
18	items and data from the National Assessment of Edu-
19	cational Progress for the purpose of evaluating a course
20	of study related to vocational education, if the Commis-
21	sioner has determined, in writing, that such use will not—
22	"(i) result in the identification of characteristics
23	or performance of individual students or schools;
24	"(ii) result in the ranking or comparing of
25	schools or local educational agencies;

1	"(iii) be used to evaluate the performance of
2	teachers, principals, or other local educators for the
3	purpose of dispensing rewards or punishments; or
4	"(iv) corrupt or harm the use and value of data
5	collected for the National Assessment of Educational
6	Progress.
7	"(B) Not later than 60 days after making an author-
8	ization under subsection (a), the Commissioner shall sub-
9	mit to the Committee on Education and Labor of the
10	House of Representatives and to the Committee on Labor
11	and Human Resources of the Senate, a report which con-
12	tains—
13	"(i) a copy of the request for such authoriza-
14	tion;
15	"(ii) a copy of the written determination under
16	subsection (a); and
17	"(iii) a description of the details and duration
18	of such authorization.
19	"(C) The Commissioner may not grant more than one
20	such authorization in any fiscal year and shall ensure that
21	the authorized use of items or data from the National As-
22	sessment is evaluated for technical merit and for its affect
23	on the National Assessment of Educational Progress. The
24	results of such evaluations shall be promptly reported to
25	the committees specified in subparagraph (B).".

1	TITLE VI—PARENTAL INFORMA-
2	TION AND RESOURCE CEN-
3	TERS
4	SEC. 601. PARENTAL INFORMATION AND RESOURCE CEN
5	TERS.
6	(a) AUTHORIZATION.—The Secretary of Education is
7	authorized to make grants each year to private, nonprofit
8	organizations for the purpose of providing training and in-
9	formation to parents of children enrolled in participating
10	schools and to individuals who work with such parents to
11	encourage a more effective working relationship with pro-
12	fessionals in meeting the educational needs of children en-
13	rolled in participating schools.
14	(b) Grants.—Such grants shall—
15	(1) be designed to meet the unique training and
16	information needs of parents of children enrolled in
17	participating schools, particularly parents who are
18	severely disadvantaged educationally or economically
19	(2) be distributed geographically to the greatest
20	extent possible throughout all the States and give
21	priority to grants which serve areas with high con-
22	centrations of low-income families;
23	(3) be targeted to parents of children enrolled
24	in participating schools in rural, suburban, and
25	urban areas:

1	(4) serve parents of low-income and minority
2	children enrolled in participating schools, including
3	limited-English-proficient children; and
4	(5) be funded at a sufficient size, scope, and
5	quality to ensure that the program is adequate to
6	serve the parents in the area.
7	SEC. 602. ELIGIBILITY.
8	(a) Representation.—To receive a grant under
9	section 601, a private, nonprofit organization shall meet
10	the following requirements:
11	(1) Be governed by a board of directors in
12	which the membership includes, or be an organiza-
13	tion that represents the interests of, parents and es-
14	tablish a special governing committee in which the
15	membership includes—
16	(A) a majority of parents of children en-
17	rolled in participating schools; and
18	(B) representation of education profes-
19	sionals with expertise in improving services for
20	disadvantaged children.
21	(2) Provide that the parent and professional
22	membership of the board or special governing com-
23	mittee is broadly representative of minority, low-in-
24	come, and other individuals and groups that have an

- interest in compensatory education and family literacy.
- 3 (3) Demonstrate the capacity and expertise to 4 conduct effective training and information activities 5 for which a grant may be made.
- (4) Network with clearinghouses, other organizations and agencies, and with other established national, State, and local parent groups representing
 the full range of parents of children enrolled in participating schools, especially parents of low-income
 and minority children.
- 12 (b) REQUIREMENTS.—The Board of Directors or spe-13 cial governing committee of an organization receiving a 14 grant under this title shall meet at least once each cal-15 endar quarter to review the parent training and informa-16 tion activities for which the grant is made.
- 17 (c) Grant Renewal.—Whenever an organization 18 requests the renewal of a grant under section 601 for a 19 fiscal year, the Board of Directors or the special governing 20 committee shall submit to the Secretary a written review 21 of the parent training and information program conducted 22 by such organization during the preceding fiscal year.
- 23 SEC. 603. USES OF FUNDS.
- 24 Grants received under this title may be used—

1	(1) for parent training and information pro-
2	grams that assist parents to-
3	(A) better understand their children's edu-
4	cational needs;
5	(B) provide follow up support for their
6	children's educational achievement;
7	(C) communicate more effectively with
8	teachers, counselors, administrators, and other
9	professional educators and support staff;
10	(D) participate in the design and provision
11	of assistance to students who are not making
12	adequate progress;
13	(E) obtain information about the range of
14	options, programs, services, and resources avail-
15	able at the national, State, and local levels to
16	assist children enrolled in participating schools
17	and their parents;
18	(F) seek technical assistance regarding
19	compliance with the requirements of this Act
20	and of other Federal programs relevant to
21	achieving the goals of this Act;
22	(G) participate in State and local decision-
23	making; and
24	(H) train other parents:

- 1 (2) to include State or local educational person-2 nel where such participation would further an objec-
- 3 tive of the program assisted by the grant; and
- (3) to establish a parent training and information center to carry out the activities in paragraphs
 (1) and (2) and to represent parent interests at the
 State level, including participation in the design of
- 8 the public outreach process described in section
- 9 306(b)(6), submitting recommendations concerning
- State standards and plans, and commenting on pro-
- posed waivers under this Act.

12 SEC. 604. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.

- 13 The Secretary shall provide technical assistance, by
- 14 grant or contract, for the establishment, development, and
- 15 coordination of parent training and information programs
- 16 and centers.

17 SEC. 605. EXPERIMENTAL CENTERS.

- 18 After the establishment in each State of a parent
- 19 training and information center, the Secretary shall pro-
- 20 vide for the establishment of 5 additional experimental
- 21 centers, 3 to be located in urban areas and 2 in rural areas
- 22 where there are large concentrations of poverty.
- 23 **SEC. 606. REPORTS.**
- Not later than June 30, 1995, and not later than
- 25 June 30 each succeeding year, the Secretary shall obtain

- 1 data concerning programs and centers assisted under this2 title, including—
- 3 (1) the number of parents, including the num-4 ber of minority and limited-English-proficient par-5 ents, who receive information and training;
- 6 (2) the types and modes of information or 7 training provided; and
- 8 (3) the strategies used to reach and serve par-9 ents of minority and limited-English-proficient chil-10 dren and parents with limited literacy skills.
- 11 SEC. 607. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- There are authorized to be appropriated \$5,000,000
- 13 for fiscal year 1994 and such sums as may be necessary
- 14 for each of the fiscal years 1995 through 1998.

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